

ORDINANCE NO. 1334

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF WILLMAR ADOPTING A NEW CHAPTER 17, SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, ARTICLE I, IN GENERAL, AND ARTICLE II, ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND ILLEGAL CONNECTION TO THE CITY'S STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM

WHEREAS, the City Council proposes to adopt the Illicit Discharge and Illegal Connection Stormwater Ordinance in accordance with actions identified in the City's Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and to fulfill requirements of the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System General Permit for Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems.

NOW THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Willmar hereby ordains as follows:

Section 1. The City hereby adopts a new Chapter 17, Surface Water Management as follows:

**ARTICLE I. – IN GENERAL**

**Secs. 17-1—17-25. – Reserved.**

**ARTICLE II. – ILLICIT DISCHARGE AND ILLEGAL CONNECTION**

**Sec. 17-26. – Purpose.**

- (a) The general purpose of this ordinance is to provide for the health, safety, and general welfare of the public through the regulation of non-storm water discharges to the storm drainage system to the maximum extent practicable as required by federal and state law. This ordinance establishes methods for controlling the introduction of pollutants into the municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) in order to comply with requirements of the MS4 permit issued to the City by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit process. The objectives of this ordinance are:
- (1) To regulate the contribution of pollutants to the MS4 by storm water discharges by any user;
  - (2) To prohibit illicit and illegal connections and discharges to the storm drainage system;
  - (3) To establish legal authority to carry out all inspection, surveillance, monitoring, and enforcement procedures necessary to ensure compliance with this ordinance.

**Sec. 17-27. – Applicability.**

This ordinance shall apply to all water directly or indirectly entering the storm drainage system generated on any developed and undeveloped lands unless explicitly exempted by Section 7 (A) (1) (a – d) of this Ordinance.

**Sec. 17-28. – Definitions.**

The following words and phrases, when used in this Ordinance, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section.

- (a) *Accidental Discharge* means a discharge prohibited by this ordinance which occurs by chance and without planning or thought prior to occurrence.
- (b) *Best Management Practices (“BMPs”)* means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, general good housekeeping practices, pollution prevention and educational practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants directly or indirectly to storm water, receiving waters, or storm water conveyance systems. BMPs also include treatment practices, operating procedures, and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or water disposal, or drainage from raw materials storage.
- (c) *Clean Water Act* means the Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 *et seq.*), as amended from time to time.
- (d) *Construction Activity* means activities subject to NPDES Construction Permits, generally consisting of construction projects resulting in land disturbance of one acre or more, and including but not limited to such activities as clearing and grubbing, grading, excavating, and demolition.
- (e) *Department* means the City of Willmar Public Works Department or any other part, division, bureau, sub-unit, or branch of the City authorized by the City Council to carry out or enforce any provision of a City Ordinance.
- (f) *EPA* means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- (g) *Hazardous Materials* means any material, including any substance, waste, or combination thereof, which because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics may cause, or significantly contribute to, a substantial present or potential hazard to human health, safety, property, or the environment when

improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed.

- (h) *Illicit Discharge* means any direct or indirect non-storm water discharge to the storm drain system, except as exempted in Section 7 of this Ordinance.
- (i) *Illegal Connection* means either of the following:
  - (1) Any pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance, whether on the surface or subsurface, that allows an illicit discharge to enter the storm drain system including but not limited to any conveyances that allow any non-storm water discharge including sewage, process wastewater, or wash water to enter the storm drain system or any connections to the storm drain system, regardless of whether such pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance has been previously allowed, permitted, or approved by an authorized agency; or
  - (2) Any pipe, open channel, drain or conveyance connected from a commercial or industrial land use to the storm drain system that has not been documented in plans, maps, or equivalent records and approved by the Department.
- (j) *Industrial Activity* means any activity subject to NPDES Permits as defined in 40 CFR, Section 122.26 (b) (14).
- (k) *MPCA* means the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.
- (l) *Maximum Extent Practicable* means a standard for water quality that applies to all MS4 operators regulated under the NPDES program.
- (m) *Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (“MS4”)* means the system of conveyances (including sidewalks, roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains) owned and operated by City and designed or used for collecting or conveying storm water, and that is not used for collecting or conveying sewage.
- (n) *National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”) Storm Water Discharge Permit (“NPDES Permit”)* means a permit issued by EPA or the MPCA that regulates the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States, whether the permit is applicable on an individual, group, or general area-wide basis.
- (o) *Non-Storm Water Discharge* means any discharge to the storm drain system that is not composed entirely of storm water.

- (p) *Person* means any human being, any municipality or other governmental or political subdivision or other public agency, any public or private corporation, partnership, firm, association, or other organization, any receiver, trustee, assignee, agent, or other legal representative of any of the foregoing, or any other legal entity.
- (q) *Pollutant* means any substance which, when discharged has potential to or does any of the following:
- (1) Interferes with state designated water uses;
  - (2) Obstructs or causes damage to Waters of the State;
  - (3) Changes water color, odor, or usability as a drinking water source through causes not attributable to natural stream processes affecting surface water or subsurface processes affecting groundwater;
  - (4) Adds an unnatural surface film on the water;
  - (5) Adversely changes other chemical, biological, thermal, or physical condition, in any surface water or stream channel;
  - (6) Degrades the quality of ground water; or
  - (7) Harms human life, aquatic life, or terrestrial plant and wildlife.

Pollutant includes but is not limited to dredged soil, solid waste, incinerator residue, garbage, wastewater sludge, chemical waste, biological materials, radioactive materials, rock, sand, dust, paints, varnishes and solvents, cooking grease, detergents, degreasers, industrial waste, sediment, nutrients, toxic substances, pesticides, herbicides, trace metals, automotive fluids, petroleum-based substances, and oxygen-demanding materials.

- (r) *Pollute* means the discharge of pollutants into Waters of the State.
- (s) *Pollution* means the direct or indirect distribution of pollutants into Waters of the State.
- (t) *Premises* means any building, lot, parcel of land, or portion of land whether improved or unimproved including adjacent sidewalks and parking strips.
- (u) *Storm Drainage System* means publicly-owned facilities by which storm water is collected and/or conveyed, including but not limited to any roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, gutters, curbs, inlets,

piped storm drains, pumping facilities, retention and detention basins, natural and human-made or altered drainage channels, reservoirs, and other drainage structures.

- (v) *Storm Water* means any surface flow, runoff, and drainage consisting entirely of water from any form of natural precipitation, and resulting from such precipitation.
- (w) *Storm water Pollution Prevention Plan (“SWPPP”)* means a document which describes the Best Management Practices and activities to be implemented by a person or business to identify sources of pollution or contamination at a site and the actions to eliminate or reduce pollutant discharges to Storm Water, Storm Water Conveyance Systems, and/or Receiving Waters to the Maximum Extent Practicable.
- (v) *Wastewater* means any water or other liquid, other than uncontaminated storm water, discharged from a facility.
- (w) *Waters of the State* means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, reservoirs, aquifers, irrigation systems, drainage systems and all other bodies or accumulations of water, surface or underground, natural or artificial, public or private, which are contained within, flow through, or border upon the State of Minnesota or any portion thereof.

**Sec. 17-29. – Administration.**

The City shall administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of this ordinance. Any powers granted or duties imposed upon the City may be delegated in writing by the City Administrator to persons or entities acting in the beneficial interest of or in the employ of the City.

**Sec. 17-30. – Compatibility with other regulations.**

This ordinance is not intended to modify or repeal any other ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law. The requirements of this ordinance are in addition to the requirements of any other ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, and where any provision of this ordinance imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, whichever provision is more restrictive or imposes higher protective standards for human health or the environment shall control.

**Sec. 17-31. – Ultimate responsibility.**

The standards set forth herein and promulgated pursuant to this ordinance are minimum standards; therefore this ordinance does not intend or imply that

compliance by any person will ensue that there will be no contamination, pollution, or unauthorized discharge of pollutants.

**Sec. 17-32. – Discharge prohibitions.**

- (a) Prohibition of Illicit Discharges.
  - (1) No person shall cause an illicit discharge or otherwise allow an illicit discharge into the storm drainage system, and no person shall throw, drain, or otherwise discharge, cause or allow others under its control to throw, drain or otherwise discharge into the storm drainage system any pollutants or waters containing any pollutants, other than storm water, except as follows:
    - a) The following discharges are exempt from discharge prohibitions established by this ordinance: water line flushing, landscape irrigation, diverted stream flows, rising groundwater, uncontaminated groundwater infiltration, uncontaminated pumped groundwater, discharges from potable water sources, foundation drains, air conditioning condensation, irrigation water, springs, water from crawl space pumps, footing drains, lawn watering, individual residential car washing, flows from riparian habitats and wetlands, street wash water, de-chlorinated swimming pool water, and any other water source not containing a pollutant.
      - (i) For swimming pool discharges, water shall sit seven (7) days without the addition of chlorine to allow for chlorine to evaporate before discharge.
      - (ii) Discharge of swimming pools, crawl spaces, sump pumps, footing drains and other sources that may be determined to contain sediment or other forms or pollutants may NOT be discharged directly to a gutter or storm sewer. This discharge must be allowed to flow over a vegetated area to allow filtering of pollutants, evaporation of chemicals and infiltration of water consistent with the storm water requirements of the City.
    - b) Discharges or flow from firefighting, and other discharges specified in writing by the City as being necessary to protect public health and safety.
    - c) Discharges associated with dye testing; however this activity requires a written notification to the City prior to the time of the test.

- d) The prohibition shall not apply to any non-storm water discharge permitted under an NPDES permit, waiver, or waste discharge order issued to the discharger and administered under the authority of the MPCA, provided that the discharger is in full compliance with all requirements of the permit, waiver, or order and other applicable laws and regulations, and provided that written approval has been granted for any discharge to the storm drain system.
- (2) No person shall throw, deposit, leave, maintain, keep or permit to be thrown, deposited, left, or maintained, in or upon any public or private property, driveway, parking area, street, alley, sidewalk, component of the storm drainage system, or water of the state, any refuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, or other discarded or abandoned objects, articles, and accumulations, so that the same may cause or contribute to pollution. Waste deposited in streets in proper receptacles for the purposes of collection are exempted from this prohibition.
- (b) Prohibition of Illegal Connections.
- (1) The construction, use, maintenance or continued existence of illegal connections to the storm drain system is prohibited.
  - (2) This prohibition expressly includes, without limitation, illegal connections made in the past, regardless of whether the connection was permissible under law or practices applicable or prevailing at the time of connection.
  - (3) A person is considered to be in violation of this ordinance if the person connects a line conveying sewage to the storm drainage system, or allows such a connection to continue.
  - (4) Improper connections in violation of this ordinance must be disconnected and redirected, if necessary, to an approved onsite wastewater management system or the sanitary sewer system upon approval of the City.
  - (5) Any drain or conveyance that has not been documented in plans, maps or equivalent, and which may be connected to the storm sewer system, shall be located by the owner or occupant of that property upon receipt of written notice of violation from the City requiring that such locating be completed. Such notice will specify a reasonable time period within which the location of the drain or conveyance is to be determined, that the drain or conveyance be identified as storm sewer, sanitary sewer or other, and that the outfall location or point of connection to the storm sewer system, sanitary sewer system or other discharge point be

identified. Results of these investigations are to be documented and provided to the City.

**Sec. 17-33. – Watercourse protection.**

Every person owning property through which a watercourse passes, or such person's lessee, shall keep and maintain that part of the watercourse within the property free of trash, debris, yard waste, excessive vegetation, and other obstacles that would pollute, contaminate, or significantly retard the flow of water through the watercourse. In addition, the owner or lessee shall maintain existing privately owned structures within or adjacent to a watercourse, so that such structures will not become a hazard to the use, function, or physical integrity of the watercourse.

**Sec. 17-34. – Industrial or construction activity discharges.**

- (a) Submission of Notice of Intent (NOI) to the City.
  - (1) Any person subject to an industrial or construction activity NPDES storm water discharge permit shall comply with all provisions of such permit. Proof of compliance with said permit is required in a form acceptable to the City prior to the allowing of discharges to the storm drainage system.
    - a) Industrial activity includes activities subject to NPDES Industrial Storm Water Permits as defined in 40 CFR, Section 122.26 (b) (14).
    - b) Construction activity includes activities subject to NPDES Construction Permits. These include construction projects resulting in land disturbance of one acre or more. Such activities include but are not limited to clearing and grubbing, grading, excavating, and demolition.
  - (2) The operator of a facility, including construction sites, required to have an NPDES permit to discharge storm water associated with industrial activity shall submit a copy of the NOI to the City at the same time the operator submits the original NOI to the EPA as applicable.
  - (3) The copy of the NOI must be delivered to the City either in person or by mailing it to: Notice of Intent to Discharge Storm Water, City of Willmar Public Works Director, 333 SW 6<sup>th</sup> Street, Willmar, MN 56201



- (4) A person commits an offense if the person operates a facility that is discharging storm water associated with industrial activity without having submitted a copy of the NOI to do so to the City.

**Sec. 17-35. – Prevention, control and reduction of storm water pollutants.**

The City will adopt requirements identifying best management practices for any activity, operation, or facility which may cause or contribute to pollution or contamination of storm water, the storm drain system, or waters of the United States. The owner or operator of such activity, operation, or facility shall provide, at their own expense, reasonable protection from accidental discharge of prohibited materials or other wastes into the municipal storm drain system or watercourses through the use of these structural and non-structural BMPs. Further, any person responsible for a property or premise that is, or may be, the source of an illicit discharge, may be required to implement, at said person's expense, additional structural and non-structural BMPs to prevent the further discharge of pollutants to the storm drainage system. Compliance with all terms and conditions of a valid NPDES permit authorizing the discharge of storm water associated with industrial activity, to the extent practicable, shall be deemed compliance with the provisions of this ordinance. These BMPs shall be part of a storm water management plan (SWMP) as necessary for compliance with requirements of the NPDES permit.

**Sec. 17-36. – Accidental discharges and spills.**

Notwithstanding other requirements of law, as soon as any person responsible for a facility or operation, or responsible for emergency response for a facility or operation has information of any known or suspected release of materials which are resulting or may result in illegal discharges or pollutants discharging into storm water, the storm drain system, or waters of the United States, said person shall take all necessary steps to ensure the discovery, containment, and cleanup of such release so as to minimize the effects of the discharge. In the event of such a release of hazardous materials said person shall immediately notify emergency response agencies of the occurrence via emergency dispatch services. In the event of a release of non-hazardous materials, said person shall notify the City in person or by phone no later than the next business day. If the discharge of prohibited materials emanates from a commercial or industrial establishment, the owner or operator of such establishment shall also retain an on-site written record of the discharge and the actions taken to prevent its recurrence. Failure to provide notification of a release as provided above is a violation of this ordinance.

**Sec. 17-37. – Right of entry.**

- (a) The City, through its public works director or his or her designee, shall be entitled and permitted to enter and inspect properties and facilities at reasonable times subject to regulation under this ordinance as often as may

be necessary to determine compliance with this ordinance. If a property or facility has security measures in force which require proper identification and clearance before entry into its premises, the owner or operator shall make the necessary arrangements to allow access to representatives of the City. Any temporary or permanent obstruction to safe and easy access to the area to be inspected or sampled shall be promptly removed by the discharger at the request of the public works director or other designee and shall not be replaced.

- (b) The owner or operator shall allow the City ready access to all parts of the premises for the purposes of inspection, sampling, visual recording, examination and copying of any records needed to determine compliance with this ordinance that must be maintained in accordance with the ordinance, permit or required by state or federal law.
- (c) Unreasonable delays in allowing the City access to a facility is a violation of this ordinance.
- (d) The public works director or his or her designee may require the discharger to install monitoring equipment or other such devices as are necessary to conduct monitoring and/or sampling of the premises' stormwater discharge. The monitoring equipment must be maintained by the discharger in a safe and proper operating condition at all times. All devices used to measure stormwater flow and quality must be calibrated in order to ensure their accuracy.
- (e) Administrative search warrant. If the public works director or his or her designee has been refused access to any part of the premises from which stormwater is being discharged, and he or she is able to demonstrate probable cause to believe there may be a violation of this article, or that there is a need to inspect, test, examine or sample as part of a routine program designed to verify compliance with this section or any order issued hereunder, or to protect the overall public health, safety and welfare, then the City may seek issuance of an administrative search warrant from any court of competent jurisdiction.

**Sec. 17-38. – Enforcement.**

- (a) Notice of violation. Whenever the City, through its public works director or his or her designee (“enforcement officer”) finds that a violation of this ordinance has occurred, the City may order compliance by providing written notice of violation to the responsible person. Such notice must include the following information:
  - (1) The name and address of the alleged violator;

- (2) The address when available or a description of the building, structure or land upon which the violation is occurring, or has occurred;
  - (3) A statement specifying the nature of the violation;
  - (4) A description of the remedial measures necessary to restore compliance with this article and a time schedule for the completion of such remedial action; and
  - (5) A statement of the actions that will be taken by the City if there is no compliance with the order.
- (b) Remedial measures. The City may order remedial measures including without limitation:
- (1) The performance of monitoring, analyses and reporting;
  - (2) The elimination of illegal connections or illicit discharges;
  - (3) Discharges, practices, or operations in violation of this section to cease and desist;
  - (4) The abatement or remediation of storm water pollution or contamination hazards and the restoration of any affected property; and
  - (5) The implementation of source control or treatment BMPs.
- (b) If abatement of a violation or restoration of affected property is required, the order or notice shall set forth a deadline within which such remediation or restoration must be completed. Said order or notice shall further advise that, should the offending party fail to remediate or restore within the established deadline, the work will be done by a designated governmental agency or a contractor and the expense thereof may be charged to the violator.
- (c) Emergency Cease and Desist Orders. When the City finds that any person has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of this ordinance, or any order issued hereunder, or that the person's past violations are likely to recur, and that the person's violation(s) has (have) caused or contributed to an actual or threatened discharge to the storm drainage system or waters of the state which reasonably appears to present an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons or to the environment, the City may issue an order to the violator directing it immediately to cease and desist all such violations in lieu of a notice of violation to the violator or other action directing the violator to:
- (1) Immediately comply and stop or eliminate the endangering discharge;

- (2) Take such appropriate preventative action as may be needed to properly address a continuing or threatened violation, including, but not limited to, immediately halting operations or terminating the discharge; and
- (3) Immediately comply with all requirements of this ordinance and other applicable laws and regulations.

In the event of a person's failure to immediately comply with the emergency cease and desist order, the City may take such steps as deemed necessary to prevent or minimize harm to the storm drain system or waters of the state, or endangerment to persons or to the environment, including immediately terminating the facility's water supply, sewer connection, or other municipal utility services. The City may allow the person to recommence the discharge activities when he or she has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the City that the period of endangerment has passed, unless further termination proceedings are initiated against the person under this article. A person that is found by the City to be responsible, in whole or in part, for any discharge presenting imminent endangerment shall submit a detailed written statement, describing the causes of the harmful discharge and the measures taken to prevent any future occurrence to the MPCA within thirty days of receipt of the emergency cease and desist order. Issuance of an emergency cease and desist order shall not be a bar against, or a prerequisite for, the City taking any other action against the violator.

In the event that a violation or suspected violation occurs which constitutes an immediate danger to public health and safety, the City is authorized to, in lieu of an emergency cease and desist order or notice of violation, enter upon the subject property without giving prior notice, to take any and all measures necessary to abate the violation and preserve public health and safety.

(d) Suspension of Storm Drainage System Access.

- (1) The City may, without prior notice, suspend storm drainage system access to a person when such suspension is necessary to stop an actual or threatened discharge which presents or may present imminent and substantial danger to the environment, or to the health or welfare of persons, or to the storm drainage system or waters of the state. If the violator fails to comply with a suspension order issued in an emergency, the City may take such steps as necessary to prevent or minimize damage to the storm sewer system or waters of the state, or to minimize danger to persons.
- (2) Any person discharging to the storm drainage system in violation of this ordinance may have their storm drainage system access terminated if such termination would abate or reduce an illicit discharge. Such

suspension may also be imposed if it is necessary to stop an actual or threatened discharge which presents or may present imminent and substantial danger.

- (e) In the event that the abatement or restoration work is performed by the City, the City may charge the violator for its costs and expenses associated with the work. If the bill received for abatement or restoration is not paid within 30 days, the City may draw the amount of the bill from any financial guarantees or security that the City may be holding or may certify the amount to the county for collection with the property taxes.
- (f) Violation of any provision of this division may be enforced by civil action including an action for injunctive relief and by any administrative penalties approved by the City. In addition to the enforcement processes and penalties provided, any condition caused or permitted to exist in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance is a threat to public health, safety and welfare, and is declared and deemed a nuisance, and may be summarily abated or restored at the violator's expense or a civil action to abate, enjoin or otherwise compel the cessation of such nuisance may be taken.
- (g) Any person, firm or corporation failing to comply with or violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and each day during which any violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance is committed, continued or permitted, shall constitute a separate offense.
- (h) In addition to the enforcement processes and penalties provided, any condition caused or permitted to exist in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance is a threat to public health, safety, and welfare, and is declared and deemed a nuisance, and may be summarily abated or restored at the violator's expense; and/or a civil action to abate, enjoin, or otherwise compel the cessation of such nuisance may be taken.

**Sec. 17-39. – Appeal.**

- (a) Administrative decisions and enforcement actions by City staff may be appealed by the applicant to the City administrator as follows:
  - (1) The appeal must be filed in writing with the City Clerk within ten business days of the date of the decision or enforcement action.
  - (2) The written appeal shall specify in detail the action appealed from, the errors allegedly made by the enforcement officer giving rise to the appeal, a written summary of all oral and written testimony the applicant intends to introduce at the hearing, including the names and addresses of all witnesses the applicant intends to call, copies of all

documents the applicant intends to introduce at the hearing, and the relief requested.

- (3) The enforcement officer shall specify in writing the reasons for the enforcement action, a written summary of all oral and written testimony the enforcement officer intends to introduce at the hearing, including the names and addresses of all witnesses the enforcement officer intends to call, and copies of all documents the enforcement officer intends to introduce at the hearing.
  - (4) The City Clerk shall notify the applicant and the enforcement officer by ordinary mail, of the date, time and place for the hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled for a date not less than four or more than 20 days after the filing of the appeal.
  - (5) The City Administrator shall hear and render a decision on the appeal after the hearing. The decision shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision. The City Clerk shall notify the applicant and the enforcement officer by mail of the decision.
- (b) The applicant may appeal a decision of the City Administrator to the City Council, by written notice of appeal filed with the City Clerk. Such appeal shall be filed within ten business days of the date of the administrator's decision. The decision of the City Administrator shall remain in effect pending appeal to the City Council, unless otherwise directed by the City Council. The City Council, in its sole discretion, may agree to hear the appeal and make a final decision or may decline to hear the appeal, in which case the decision of the City Administrator shall be final.

**Sec. 17-40. – Severability.**

The provisions of this ordinance are severable. If any provision of this ordinance or the application of any provision of this ordinance to any circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this ordinance, which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 2. This ordinance shall be effective from and after its adoption and second publication.

This Ordinance introduced by Council Member: Christianson

This Ordinance introduced on: September 17, 2012

This Ordinance published on: September 21, 2012

This Ordinance given a hearing on: October 1, 2012

This Ordinance adopted on: October 1, 2012

This Ordinance published on: October 6, 2012