

## CITY COUNCIL AGENDA REPORT

| To: Mayor and City Council | Date: January 16, 2018 |
| :--- | :--- |
| From: Bruce D. Peterson, <br> Director of Planning and Development Services | Subject: City Hall Project |

AGENDA ITEM: City Hall project - next steps
INTRODUCTION/REQUEST: The City Council previously identified the need for a new or improved City Office Building as a priority for the City. That came about as a result of the Council discussion at several planning sessions last summer.

HISTORY: Since that time, staff has met to discuss several different concepts including the acquisition of existing structures, and construction of a new City Hall either in the Central Business District or elsewhere in the community.

CURRENT CIRCUMSTANCE: Recent discussions between the Administrator, Mayor and staff have resulted in a proposed course of action for the Council to review. We have engaged a local architect in some of those discussions and have sought the architect's guidance as far as a preferred process. At the work session, it is proposed that the architect walk the Council through the project development process. Also, staff will provide the Council with several potential alternatives for sites, just to give the Council an idea on how such a building might be sited and function at various locations. The City Administrator will present the idea of a City Government Campus including City Hall, Community Center, etc.

RECOMMENDATION: That the Council narrow site choices down and authorize staff to enter into a professional services agreement for architectural services.

ISSUES: At this point in the process it is impossible to know what the costs will be. The architect has identified a very deliberate process for identifying needs, potential layouts, costs, and working with City staff and the Council to design the facilities and bring them forward as part of a public review process.

FINANCIAL IMPACT: The Council has budgeted $\$ 8.5$ million dollars for City Hall/Community Center Projects for 2018. It is understood that all work done on these projects must fit within that budget.

## ALTERNATIVE:

1. To proceed with the project as proposed.
2. To send it back to staff for additional information before moving forward with the project.

RECOMMENDED MOTION: To narrow the site options to two and to authorize staff to enter into a professional services agreement with the architect.

REVIEWED BY: Bruce D. Peterson, Director of Planning and Development Services WORK SESSION DATE: January 16, 2018

COUNCIL MEETING DATE: January 16, 2018
$\square$ CONSENT AGENDA $\boxtimes$ AGENDA

| From: | Ike Holland |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sent: | Friday, January 12, 2018 10:05 AM |
| To: | Janell Sommers; Judy Thompson |
| Cc: | Ike Holland |
| Subject: | City Hall Work Session Discussion |

For: Mayor and Council
From: Ike Holland
Date: 12 January 2018
Subject: City Hall Work Session Discussion on the $16^{\text {th }}$

1. The City staff is requesting that the Council give the go ahead to start negotiations with an Architect to start on the new City Hall on the $16^{\text {th }}$.
2. Second, a site selection downtown by the Council to move forward on would be a priority.
3. Feedback on the Government Campus concept downtown.

Note: the Government Campus concept would mean that the City would buy the Hardware Hank building that would convert to the Community Center and tie into the City Auditorium. Second, we would accept ownership of the County Judicial Building and this would either be converted into a multi-use building for non-profits, museum, community center activities. Third, we would build a new City Hall between the current county court house and the current city hall building, and close off the intersection of $6^{\text {th }}$ and Becker. After we complete the new city hall, we would demolish the current city hall and convert into parking.

If you add the City Auditorium, Hardware Hanks, a new city hall, the converted county court building, the library, the post office, the Carris Hospital together, combined with city parking areas, you see a governmental campus. Then you add in pocket parks, additional parking, covered drive up areas, then you start to see a walkable and user friendly area that will be widely used and with the foot traffic help maintain the economic viability of the downtown for the next 50 years at least.

I hope the Council will consider the downtown as a primary location and that creating a government campus as a priority for the reasons I have already stated.

Ike Holland

PRELIMINARY DRAFT of ANTICIPATED DESIGN PROCESS: Willmar City Hall City of Willmar October 30, 2017

Draft Copy, Mr Engan will so over this on the $16 \frac{4 \mathrm{~h}}{\circ} \mathrm{GH}$

## RESOLVING THE FACILITY NEEDS

The following is an anticipated design process for a study for a project to resolve the needs of the City of Willmar for its City Hall facility needs. It is based on and expands upon basic services as defined in AIA Document B101. We anticipate review of this process with you, the Owner, and revision of it in a mutually agreeable manner.

To accomplish a successful project, we will begin by looking at the big picture, then work through to the details. Our team is purposefully comprised of people with a diverse range of skills, perspectives and strengths.

1. PREDESIGN STUDY
A. Project Understanding
B. Program Study
C. Architectural Study
D. Estimate of Probable Cost
II. BASIC SERVICE
A. Schematic Design
B. Design Development
C. Construction Documents
D. Bidding Phase
E. Construction Administration
III. POST OCCUPANCY (future)

## I PREDESIGN STUDY

## A. PROJECT UNDERSTANDING

Team members including Owner and Architect create a statement that will direct the project. The statement is an outline for the work to come. It helps keep discussion and exploration focused on the Owner's goals.

Process:

- Review reasons for the project
- Review Owner's stated mission

Outcome:

- Understanding the philosophy of the project and what will make it successful
- A project statement identifying the characteristics of a successful project


## PREDESIGN STUDY

B. PROGRAM STUDY

This study will describe the desired facility. It will address the needs for the facility and what the benefits of the facility will be to the community.

Process:

- Tour current facilities
- Analyze current situations-What's good? What can be better?

Outcome:

- Written program of needs that follows guidelines established by the project statement
- Program that documents the current facility as well as the facility needed in the future



## PREDESIGN STUDY

## C. ARCHITECTURAL STUDY

Proportional space bubbles are used to show relationships between different areas and differences in size. Details like doors, windows and plumbing fixtures are not shown at this point, helping keep the focus on how the spaces work and interact with each other.

Process:

- Analyze information provided by Owner
- Use firm resources and past experience to make recommendations to Owner
- Review city zoning regulations
- Establish alternative ways of organizing site
- Begin building code review of the proposed building project
- Review alternative approaches to arrive at the desired goal
- Develop projected budget for building and site development

Outcome:

- Predesign for development that follows program of needs. This should reinforce the project statement and be in line with the Owner's mission.



## PREDESIGN STUDY

## D. ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE COST

Cost information is developed for decision-making.
Process:

- Develop a cost estimate for the project or projects as defined by the Architectural Study. This estimate is based on information gathered on-site, in our files and from industry standards.
- Costs are broken down by possible projects, which may include:
» Site work
» Sub-structure
» Super-structure
» Exterior enclosure
" Roofing
" Interior construction
» Equipment
» Mechanical
» Electrical

Outcome:

- An estimate of probable project cost for the proposed building project.



## II BASIC SERVICE

A. SCHEMATIC DESIGN

Develop a design for the building program.
Process:

- Review the architectural study previously prepared
- Develop a building code summary for the project
- Develop schematic design
- Develop a project budget estimate
- Meet to review schematic design and follow up on discussion
- Approve schematic design

Outcome:

- Site plan
- Floor plan
- Exterior elevations
- Building code summary
- Estimate of probable cost



## BASIC SERVICE

## B. DESIGN DEVELOPMENT

Building systems are now integrated into the design of the project. The structure of the building is decided upon. The job of the Architects is to establish a tone of give and take, representing the Owner while deciding precedence of one system over another.

## Process:

- Meet to review schematic design
- Review and define building systems with Owner
- Consider building code requirements
- Approve design development documents

Outcome:
Approved design development of schematic phase and documents, including:

- Site plan
- Floor plan
- Exterior elevations
- Exterior wall sections
- Roof plan
- Interior plans and elevations
- Structural
- Mechanical
- Electrical



## BASIC SERVICE

## c. CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS

Details are now drawn, materials specified and notes generated that finalize the Owner's desires into a viable set of documents including specifications and drawings. These documents set the scope and quality of construction expected from all trade contractors and materials suppliers.

Process:

- Meet to review design development
- Review project with Department of Labor and Industry and Building Code Office
- Meet to review construction documents and follow up on discussion
- Make final revisions to construction documents
- Approve construction documents


## Outcome

- Approved construction documents consistent with the project statement, including:
" Site plan, site details, site notes
» Building code review
» Floor plan, general notes, room
schedule, finish notes
» Exterior elevations
» Wall sections
» Exterior details
» Interior elevations and details
" Door and frame elevations and details
» Ceiling plan and details
» Equipment plan and details
» Structural plans, notes and details
" Plumbing plans, notes and details
" HVAC plans, notes and details
» Electrical plans, notes and details
» Project manual:
* General requirements
* Trade specifications


This diagram shows our client-centered design approach. Engan Associates acts as the owner's agent and advocate from start to finish.

## BASIC SERVICE

## D. BIDDING \& NEGOTIATING

The building team is complete at this stage. Owner, Architect, Contractor and Trade Contractors are all a team striving toward a common goal.

Process:

- Work with General Contractor to establish a complete construction team.
- Submit plans for review by Department of Labor and Industry, Building Code Office, and Fire Marshall's Office, as required.
- Issue construction documents to prospective Trade Contractors and Builders' Exchanges.
- Conduct Pre-Bid Meeting with interested Contractors.
- Answer Contractors' questions about the project.
- Issue addenda to clarify any changes in the construction documents.

Outcome:

- Construction team



## BASIC SERVICE


E. CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION

In this phase the Architect's role as the Owners' advocate is most obvious. Project managers review submitted products and drawings, conduct progress meetings and field questions from Owner and the various trades. Design staff facilitate the decision-making process in color and finish selection, thinking of the project as a whole rather than a series of parts. Quality of construction and schedule are reviewed by the project manager when a Contractor makes an application for payment. Throughout this process, architectural staff are striving to protect the Owner's interests.

Process:

- Work with construction team to promote a seamless construction process
- Prepare for and attend the Pre-construction Meeting
- Review shop drawings
- Answer Contractor's questions
- Attend on-site Progress Meetings
- Assist in color selection
- Conduct Substantial Completion Inspection and prepare memo and Certificate of Substantial Completion

Outcome:

- A building that meets needs and expectations

III. POST OCCUPANCY

With all projects, small items require attention after the Owner occupies the building. For example, an outlet may not work or a door may not lock properly. The point of this phase is to resolve any unfinished items that may come up, ensuring the Owner is satisfied with the building project.

Process:

- Conduct meetings to resolve incomplete items in a satisfactory manner
- Conduct meeting to resolve warranty issues
- Issue certificate for final payment

Outcome:

- A quality facility that meets the Owner's needs and mission and is adaptable to future needs






## RESOLUTION NO.

## DECLARING THE CITY OF WILLMAR AS A WELCOMING CITY

Motion By: $\qquad$ Second By: $\qquad$

Whereas the City of Willmar and the surrounding area is stronger when all community residents are unified, engaged and valued as both neighbors and contributors to the public good;

Whereas in further recognition of the great ideal of equality and freedom as outlined in the United States Constitution and amendments;

Whereas in pursuit of a community in which all residents without regard to age, gender, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, race, ethnicity, religion, or country of origin should be free to pursue life, liberty and happiness;

Now, Therefore Be It Resolved, that the Willmar City Council, as representative of the City of Willmar, hereby declare and resolve the City of Willmar to be a welcoming city to all who wish to come and contribute to the public good and future success of the community.

Dated this $16^{\text {th }}$ day of January, 2018.

MAYOR
ATTEST:

## CITY CLERK

## CITY COUNCIL AGENDA REPORT

| To: Mayor and City Council | Date: January 16, 2018 |
| :--- | :--- |
| From: Steve Okins, Finance Director | Subject: Reports |

## AGENDA ITEM: Financial Reports

INTRODUCTION/REQUEST: To receive and review the following financial reports:

1. Power Point Presentation of $12 / 31 / 17$ Cash/Investment Portfolio
2. Investment Reports
A. 12/31/17 Cash/Investment Portfolio
B. 12/31/17 Investment Activity
C. Economic and Financial Commentary
D. Quarter End 12/31/17 Interest Received
E. Historical Quarter-End Investment Balances as of 12/31/17
F. Historical Quarter-End Interest Received as of $12 / 31 / 17$
3. $10 / 31 / 2017$ Rice Memorial Hospital Financial Statements

HISTORY: Prior to 2017, the Finance Committee previously received various reports for review. Beginning in 2017, the reports have been provided to the Council at the second work session of the month. The reports requested or supplied are ones historically requested by the City Council and can be changed, added to, or revised at any time.

CURRENT CIRCUMSTANCE: Conduct normal review of applicable financial reports.
RECOMMENDATION: Receive these financial reports for information.
ISSUES: None.
FINANCIAL IMPACT: Review for financial status.

## ALTERNATIVES:

1. Receive additional reports.
2. Reduce the number of reports received.
3. Request revised format.

RECOMMENDED MOTION: None.
REVIEWED BY: Finance Director Steve Okins/City Administrator Ike Holland
WORK SESSION DATE: January 16, 2018
COUNCIL MEETING DATE: N/A

# City of Willmar 

Financial Report
As of December 31, 2017

# City of Willmar 

Investment/Cash Portfolio<br>As Of December 31, 2017

## Investment Activity during December, 2017

INVESTMENT ACTIVITY REPORT FOR MONTH ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

BALANCE AT PRIOR MONTH END NOVEMBER 30, 2017
\$ 41,562,162.56
SUMMARY OF DECEMBER, 2017, TRANSACTIONS:
(12/29/2017) PURCHASED: Multi-Bank Securities, CD-09710LCL7, 3.000\%
(12/31/2017) Quarter-End Market Value Adjustment
(141,671.96)

DECEMBER 31, 2017 BALANCE
\$ 41,665,490.60

## Investments and Cash Portfolio as of December 31, 2017

|  | BANK | SECURITY TYPE | DATE AQUIRED | MATURITY DATE | INTEREST RATE | PAR VALUE |  | MARKET VALUE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Wells Fargo Adv | $C D$ | 06/08/2012 | 06/08/2018 | 2.000\% | \$ | 150,000.00 |  | 150,336.00 |
| 2 | Multi-Bank Sec | $C D$ | 05/10/2017 | 05/10/2019 | 1.600\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 244,220.90 |
| 3 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/18/2014 | 07/18/2019 | 2.050\% |  | 97,000.00 |  | 97,164.90 |
| 4 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/22/2014 | 07/22/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,372.97 |
| 5 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/22/2014 | 07/22/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,410.02 |
| 6 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/23/2014 | 07/23/2019 | 2.050\% |  | 97,000.00 |  | 97,085.36 |
| 7 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/24/2014 | 07/24/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,081.51 |
| 8 | MSSB | $C D$ | 10/08/2014 | 10/08/2019 | 2.100\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 245,590.45 |
| 9 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/18/2014 | 07/20/2020 | 2.200\% |  | 97,000.00 |  | 97,315.25 |
| 10 | MSSB | $C D$ | 08/05/2015 | 08/05/2020 | 2.300\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 243,118.40 |
| 11 | MSSB | FNMA | 06/30/2017 | 11/25/2020 | 1.800\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 986,680.00 |
| 12 | Multi-Bank Sec | FHLMC | 11/17/2016 | 11/17/2021 | 1.000-6.000\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 994,420.00 |
| 13 | Wells Fargo | FFCB | 07/12/2016 | 07/11/2022 | 1.750\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,949,974.00 |
| 14 | Wells Fargo | FHLB | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2022 | 2.190\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 983,115.00 |
| 15 | MSSB | FFCB | 06/30/2017 | 06/26/2023 | 2.280\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,973,460.00 |
| 16 | Multi-Bank Sec | CD | 10/14/2016 | 10/13/2023 | 1.500-3.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 239,365.23 |
| 17 | Multi-Bank Sec | CD | 11/22/2016 | 11/22/2023 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 239,014.49 |
| 18 | MSSB | FNMA | 04/19/2016 | 04/19/2024 | 1.500-4.500\% |  | 3,000,000.00 |  | 2,983,290.00 |
| 19 | Wells Fargo | FHLB | 08/23/2016 | 08/23/2024 | 2.000\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,927,090.00 |
| 20 | MSSB | CD | 09/09/2016 | 09/09/2024 | 2.000\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 232,980.30 |

## Investments and Cash Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (Con't)



## Investments and Cash Portfolio as of December 31, 2017 (Con't)

|  | BANK | SECURITY TYPE | DATE AQUIRED | MATURITY DATE | INTEREST RATE |  | PAR VALUE |  | ARKET VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL INVESTMENTS BROUGHT FORWARD |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42,879,333.33 | \$ | 41,665,490.60 |
| 41 | Heritage Bank | Flex Gold C |  | None | 0.230\% |  | 4,004,299.81 |  | 4,004,299.81 |
| 42 | Heritage Bank | Commercia | Ckg | None | 0.080\% |  | 6,416,640.39 |  | 6,416,640.39 |
| 43 | Heritage Bank | Law Enf Fo | feitur Fd | None | 0.080\% |  | 64,657.54 |  | 64,657.54 |
| 44 | Heritage Bank | Law Enf Ex | lorer Fd | None | 0.000\% |  | 6,629.81 |  | 6,629.81 |
| TOTAL PORTFOLIO FOR DECEMBER 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 53,371,560.88 |  | \$ 52,157,718.15 |  |
| Par Value is not equal to Purchase Amount <br> After Partial Call 06/14/16 of \$1,000,000 <br> \# After Partial Call 11/30/16 of \$666,666.67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Questions?

## CASH/INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

|  | BANK | SECURIT TYPE | ACQUIRED DATE | MATURITY DATE | INTEREST RATE |  | PAR VALUE |  | MARKET VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Wells Fargo Adv | $C D$ | 06/08/2012 | 06/08/2018 | 2.000\% | \$ | 150,000.00 | \$ | 150,336.00 |
| 2 | Multi-Bank Sec | $C D$ | 05/10/2017 | 05/10/2019 | 1.600\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 244,220.90 |
| 3 | MSSB | CD | 07/18/2014 | 07/18/2019 | 2.050\% |  | 97,000,00 |  | 97,164.90 |
| 4 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/22/2014 | 07/22/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,372.97 |
| 5 | MSSB | CD | 07/22/2014 | 07/22/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,410.02 |
| 6 | MSSB | CD | 07/23/2014 | 07/23/2019 | 2.050\% |  | 97,000.00 |  | 97,085.36 |
| 7 | MSSB | $C D$ | 07/24/2014 | 07/24/2019 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 247,081.51 |
| 8 | MSSB | CD | 10/08/2014 | 10/08/2019 | 2.100\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 245,590.45 |
| 9 | MSSB | CD | 07/18/2014 | 07/20/2020 | 2.200\% |  | 97,000.00 |  | 97,315.25 |
| 10 | MSSB | $C D$ | 08/05/2015 | 08/05/2020 | 2.300\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 243,118.40 |
| 11 | MSSB | FNMA | 06/30/2017 | 11/25/2020 | 1.800\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 986,680.00 |
| 12 | Multi-Bank Sec | FHLMC | 11/17/2016 | 11/17/2021 | 1.000-6.000\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 994,420.00 |
| 13 | Wells Fargo | FFCB | 07/12/2016 | 07/11/2022 | 1.750\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,949,974.00 |
| 14 | Wells Fargo | FHLB | 12/05/2012 | 12/05/2022 | 2.190\% |  | 1,000,000.00 | $\wedge$ | 983,115.00 |
| 15 | MSSB | FFCB | 06/30/2017 | 06/26/2023 | 2.280\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,973,460.00 |
| 16 | Multi-Bank Sec | CD | 10/14/2016 | 10/13/2023 | 1.500-3.000\% |  | 247,000.00 | * | 239,365.23 |
| 17 | Multi-Bank Sec | CD | 11/22/2016 | 11/22/2023 | 2.000\% |  | 247,000.00 |  | 239,014.49 |
| 18 | MSSB | FNMA | 04/19/2016 | 04/19/2024 | 1.500-4.500\% |  | 3,000,000.00 |  | 2,983,290.00 |
| 19 | Wells Fargo | FHLB | 08/23/2016 | 08/23/2024 | 2.000\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,927,090.00 |
| 20 | MSSB | CD | 09/09/2016 | 09/09/2024 | 2.000\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 232,980.30 |
| 21 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLB | 08/18/2016 | 08/18/2025 | 2.100\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 950,350.00 |
| 22 | Multi-Bank Sec | FHLMC | 06/30/2017 | 12/29/2025 | 2.000-8.000\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,988,820.00 |
| 23 | Multi-Bank Sec | FNMA | 03/30/2016 | 03/30/2026 | 2.000-4.500\% |  | 860,000.00 |  | 853,062.00 |
| 24 | Multi-Bank Sec | FNMA | 06/30/2017 | 03/30/2026 | 2.000-4.500\% |  | 250,000.00 |  | 247,947.00 |
| 25 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLMC | 04/28/2016 | 04/28/2026 | 2.000-8.500\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,952,900.00 |
| 26 | UBS | FHLB | 04/28/2016 | 04/28/2026 | 2.620\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,941,260.00 |
| 27 | UBS | FHLB | 04/28/2016 | 04/28/2026 | 2.000-8.500\% |  | 3,000,000.00 |  | 2,901,120.00 |
| 28 | UBS | FHLB | 05/18/2016 | 05/18/2026 | 2.600\% |  | 333,333.33 | \# | 324,099.67 |
| 29 | Wells Fargo | FHLB | 06/15/2016 | 06/15/2026 | 2.500\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 971,974.00 |
| 30 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLB | 06/15/2016 | 06/15/2026 | 2.000-8.000\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 997,960.00 |
| 31 | Multi-Bank Sec | FHLMC | 06/30/2016 | 06/30/2026 | 2.000-6.000\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,944,260.00 |
| 32 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLMC | 07/27/2016 | 07/27/2026 | 1.500-5.000\% |  | 1,455,000.00 |  | 1,397,149.20 |
| 33 | UBS | FFCB | 08/10/2016 | 08/10/2026 | 2.140\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 946,260.00 |
| 34 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLB | 08/24/2016 | 08/24/2026 | 1.750-6.000\% |  | 1,000,000.00 |  | 962,690.00 |
| 35 | Wells Fargo | FM | 09/01/2016 | 09/01/2026 | 2.050\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,866,758.00 |
| 36 | UBS | FHLB | 09/22/2016 | 09/02/2026 | 2.125\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,885,340.00 |
| 37 | UBS | FHLB | 09/22/2016 | 09/22/2026 | 2.170\% |  | 1,080,000.00 |  | 1,017,684.00 |
| 38 | Wells Fargo Adv | FHLB | 09/30/2016 | 09/30/2026 | 1.750-5.500\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,921,420.00 |
| 39 | Multi-Bank Sec | FHLB | 11/10/2016 | 11/10/2026 | 2.000-4.000\% |  | 2,000,000.00 |  | 1,925,040.00 |
| 40 | Multi-Bank Sec | CD | 12/29/2017 | 12/29/2027 | 3.000\% |  | 245,000.00 |  | 243,311.95 |
| TOTAL INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 42,879,333.33 | \$ | 41,665,490.60 |
| 41424344 | Heritage Bank | Flex Gold Ckg |  | None | 0.230\% |  | 4,004,299.81 |  | 4,004,299.81 |
|  | Heritage Bank | Commercial Ckg |  | None | 0.080\% |  | 6,416,640.39 |  | 6,416,640.39 |
|  | Heritage Bank | Law Enf Forfeitur Fd |  | None | 0.080\% |  | 64,657.54 |  | 64,657.54 |
|  | Heritage Bank | Law Enf Explorer Fd |  | None | 0.000\% |  | 6,629.81 |  | 6,629.81 |
| TOTAL PORTFOLIO FOR DECEMBER 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 53,371,560.88 | \$ | 52,157,718.15 |
| Par Value is not equal to Purchase Amount After Partial Call 06/14/16 of \$1,000,000 After Partial Call 11/30/16 of \$666,666.67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SUMMARY OF DECEMBER, 2017, TRANSACTIONS:
(12/29/2017) PURCHASED: Multi-Bank Securities, CD-09710LCL7, 3.000\%
245,000.00
(12/31/2017) Quarter-End Market Value Adjustment (141,671.96)

## Economics Group

## Weekly Economic \& Financial Commentary

## U.S. Review

## Hot Data Releases Warm the First Week of 2018

- In the first major data release of the year, the ISM manufacturing index soared to its second fastest pace of expansion in six years. New orders fueled the rise, which bodes well for momentum to start 2018. The service sector is also expanding, though the ISM non-manufacturing index slipped in December to 55.9.
- Construction spending and factory orders continue to support our call for a solid Q4 GDP print of 2.5 percent.
- This morning's jobs report was somewhat softer than expected but still highlighted the strength of the U.S. labor market, which added 148,000 jobs in December. The jobless rate held steady to end 2017 at 4.1 percent.


## Global Review

## Global Economic Growth Lools Sustainable for Now

- The expansion in the global economy looks promising and sustainable for now with manufacturing activity remaining strong and in some instances improving as 2017 came to an end.
- Brazilian industrial production increased 0.2 percent in November sequentially and by a strong 4.7 percent on a yearearlier basis. Both October's month-over-month and year-over year changes were revised up, from 0.2 percent to 0.3 percent and from 5.3 percent to 5.5 percent, respectively.
- In Chile, the monthly economic activity index increased a strong 0.7 percent in November after declining 0.3 percent in October, both sequentially and in seasonally adjusted terms.



| Wells Fargo U.S. Deonomic Forceast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual |  |  | Forecast |  |  |  |  | Actual |  | Forecast |  |  |
|  | 2017 |  |  |  | 2018 |  |  |  | 2015 | $\underline{2016}$ | $\underline{2017}$ | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ |
|  | 19 | 2 Q | 3Q | 4Q | 19 | 2 Q | $3 Q$ | 4Q |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real Gross Domestic Product ${ }^{1}$ | 1.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Personal Consumption | 1.9 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Inflation Indicators ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PCE Deflator | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Consumer Price Index | 2.6 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Industrial Production ${ }^{1}$ | 1.5 | 5.6 | -0.9 | 5.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 | -0.7 | -1.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Corporate Profits Before Taxes ${ }^{2}$ | 3.3 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | -1.1 | -2.1 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| Trade Weighted Dollar Index ${ }^{3}$ | 94.0 | 90.5 | 88.1 | 89.3 | 88.5 | 87.5 | 86,3 | 84.8 | 91.1 | 91.6 | 90.5 | 86.8 | 81.6 |
| Unemployment Rate | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Housing Starts ${ }^{4}$ | 1.24 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.28 | 1.28 | 1.29 | 1.11 | 1.17 | 1,20 | 1.28 | 1.37 |
| Quarter-End Interest Rates ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Funds Target Rate | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.50 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.25 |  |  |  | 2.06 | 2.63 |
| Conventional Mortgage Rate | 4.20 | 3.90 | 3.81 | 3.89 | 4.06 | 4.20 | 4.30 | 4.35 | 3.85 | 3.65 | 3.95 | 4.23 | 4.56 |
| 10 Year Note | 2.40 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.49 | 2.65 | 2.80 | 2.90 | 2.95 | 2.14 | 1.84 | 2.38 | 2.83 | 3.16 |
| Forecast as of: December 21, 2017 <br> ${ }^{1}$ Compound Annual Grouth Rate Quarter-over-Quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Compound Annual Growth Rate Qu <br> ${ }^{2}$ Year-over-Year Pertentage Chang <br> ${ }^{3}$ Federal Reserve Major Currency In <br> ${ }^{4}$ Millions of Units <br> ${ }^{5}$ Annual Numbers Represent Averag |  | Quarter $3=100-$ | uarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Department of Labor, Federal Reserve Board, IHS Global Insight and Wells Fargo Securities



## U.S. Review

## Economic Data Escapes the Freeze

The ISM manufacturing index for December remained in solid expansion territory, coming in at a balmy 59.7 to extend a five-month streak above 58 . The last time the index posted such a run was in 2004, then 1987 prior to that. Activity rose across most sub-categories, particularly new orders, which surged to its 13 -year high point. That suggests solid momentum to start 2018. Factories already appear to be having trouble keeping up with orders, as evidenced by the elevated readings for both supplier deliveries and order backlogs. That also allowed for some much needed pricing power, as prices paid rose 3.5 points to 69 . International demand was also a large contributor to the increase in orders, as improving economic conditions abroad continue to buoy exports. Better economic fundamentals abroad combined with continued business optimism domestically have set the stage for a strong start to the new year for manufacturers. We will be watching the hard data for orders closely in coming months as they have yet to mirror the ISM outlook. Still, the December ISM report suggests some upside risk to our equipment forecast.

Construction outlays continued to increase in November, notching the fourth-straight month of total spending growth. Strength stemmed from a bevy of sectors. Public spending continued to build on the rise fueled by storm repairs, but it remains down on a year-to-date basis. Residential outlays were strong in November, specifically for single-family homes and remodels and repairs. Multifamily building was down on the month but positive year to date. Strength going forward is likely to come from the singlefamily market, as multifamily has largely topped out this cycle. Total construction spending was up at a strong 8.8 percent three month average annualized growth rate, which bodes well for Q4 GDP growth. We expect residential investment rose 9 percent.

This morning's jobs report was lukewarm relative to consensus expectations. There were 148,000 net new jobs created in the last month of 2017, and revisions to previous months put the average gain over the past three months at 203,700 jobs. That is the highest three-month average posted since September 2016 and suggests solid momentum to start 2018. The U.S. labor market added 2.055 million jobs over the year. That marks a deceleration from previous years of the cycle, which is to be expected given how low the unemployment rate has drifted. The national unemployment rate held steady to end 2017 at 4.1 percent, 0.6 points lower than a year ago. The labor force participation rate was unchanged over the period. Wage gains perked up in December, rising 0.3 percent on the month. Wage growth remains lackluster over the year, rising 2.5 percent from December 2016. The low unemployment rate should put more upward pressure on wages in 2018. We expect the unemployment rate will move even lower over the next year to end 2018 at 3.8 percent.

While the 148,000 -job gain was lower than even our belowconsensus expectations for December, the industry detail showed jobs that were added were in a broad range of sectors. Retail trade was the only major sector to post a decline, which likely reflects the shift away from brick and mortar holiday staffing.

ISM Manufacturing Composite Index


Total Public and Private Construction
Billions of Current Dollars, SAAR


Unemployment Rate


Source: ISM, U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Department of Labor and Wells Fargo Securities

## CPI • Friday

Consumer price inflation data for December are slated to be released this coming Friday. Consumer price inflation firmed in November, with the CPI index rising 0.4 percent. That pushed the year-ago rate up to 2.2 percent compared to 1.7 percent last November. While the headline gain was in line with expectations, the 0.1 percent rise in core inflation was weaker than anticipated. However, core inflation has been picking up on trend, with the three-month annualized rate coming in at 1.9 percent. With much of the weakness in November core inflation coming from the more volatile components, we continue to expect inflation to trend higher in the coming months.
The Fed's preferred measure of core inflation, the PCE deflator, has reached or surpassed the Fed's 2.0 percent target in only five months of the current expansion. As inflation should more clearly pick up in the coming months, we expect the FOMC will continue on with its gradual pace of tightening in the year ahead.

Previous: 2.2\%
Wells Fargo: 2.1\%
Consensus: 2.1\% (Year-over-Year)


## Business Inventories • Friday

This coming Friday is a busy day in the world of economic indicators as business inventory data for November are also set to be released. In October, and for only the second time this year, businesses dialed back inventories on the month. The entire decline was in the wholesale sector, which was down 0.5 percent. Retailers were flat and manufacturers actually increased stockpiles 0.2 percent. Within retail, it was a mixed picture with declines in autos offset by gains in other areas. Sales posted a 0.6 percent overall increase with gains of roughly the same magnitude across retail, wholesale and manufacturing.
After a big o. 8 percentage point boost to Q3 GDP, October's print suggests less support from inventories in Q4. November's data will help us forecast the net effect of the inventory line on the final GDP release of 2017.

Previous: -0.1\%
Wells Fargo: 0.3\%
Consensus: $0.3 \%$ (Month-over-Month)


The recent solid string of retail sales prints is giving more credence to the strong consumer confidence numbers. Retail sales figures for December are set to be released this coming Friday. With the 0.8 percent increase in retail and food services sales in November, plus the upwardly revised October number, from 0.2 percent to 0.5 percent, the last quarter of the year is shaping up to end 2017 on a joyful note.
Perhaps the most market-changing release in November was the strong control group sales print. Control sales, which are retail sales less food services, gas, automobiles and building materials, and used for the calculation of GDP, surged 0.8 percent in the month. We expect another strong performance by the U.S. consumer during the last quarter of the year based on the monthly data. Likewise, we look for this strength to continue into Q1-2018.

Previous: 0.8\%
Wells Fargo: 0.5\%
Consensus: 0.4\% (Month-over-Month)

Total Business Inventories
Month-over-Month Percent Change


Source: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Commerce and Wells Fargo Securities

## Global Review

## Global Economic Growth Looks Sustainable for Now

The expansion in the global economy looks promising and sustainable for now with manufacturing activity remaining strong and in some instances improving as 2017 came to an end. This is good news for overall economic growth expectations for 2018 and presages more changes coming to a "theater-near-you" in the coming months and quarters as policymakers, but especially monetary policymakers across the world, continue to revise their views regarding quantitative easing programs and interest rates. This policy accommodation has served as the backbone of the global economy since the Great Recession in 2008 and 2009.
These revised expectations from policymakers will probably determine the levels of volatility in markets across the world as analysts continue to gauge the prospects for potentially more tightening across the world. For now, certainty in this shift is clear in the United States, as the Federal Reserve continues its tightening campaign, but it is not that clear from other large central banks in the rest of the world.

Meanwhile, geopolitical risks may also be at play during the year even though these risks are difficult to quantify. For more on these risks please see: "The Global Economic Expansion: Mind the Risks," which is available in our website or by request.

## Brazilian and Chilean Economy on the Mend

With the release of November 2017 industrial production data for Brazil and the economic activity index for Chile, it is clear that both economies are on the comeback trail, Brazil from its worst recessionary period in history and Chile from an uncharacteristically weak economic period.
The Brazilian industrial production index increased 0.2 percent in November sequentially and by a strong 4.7 percent on a yearearlier basis, not seasonally adjusted. October's month-overmonth and year-over year changes were revised up, from 0.2 percent to 0.3 percent and from 5.3 percent to 5.5 percent, respectively. Thus, the industrial sector slowed down slightly in November but remained strong. Of course, these numbers need to be taken in the context of a depressed industrial sector over the past several years, so the improvement in the sector is still in its infancy. However, the strong performance over the past several months is encouraging. One of the biggest reasons for the slowdown in November was a relatively weak automobile sector, where output declined 0.7 percent sequentially. However, the sector is up 18.8 percent on a year-earlier basis.
In Chile, the monthly economic activity index increased a strong 0.7 percent in November after declining 0.3 percent in October, sequentially and in seasonally adjusted terms. The Chilean economy also improved on a year-ago basis, posting growth of 3.2 percent versus a 2.2 percent rate for the year ending in October.
This was the strongest year-over-year print for the Chilean economy since a 4.0 percent rate in February 2016. Thus, we expect both the Brazilian and the Chilean economies to continue to strengthen in 2018, contributing to the global economy.


Total Brazilian Vehicle Production



Source: IHS Global Insight, Bloomberg LP and Wells Fargo Securities

## Canadian Housing Starts • Monday

Residential construction activity in Canada has been trending higher for the past several years. In November, the annualized pace of housing starts crested above a quarter million. That is just spitting distance from the fastest pace seen over the past decade.
We do not forecast housing starts in Canada, but in past periods a surge like the one seen in November has proved to be short-lived, although the uptrend in the 12-month moving average suggests a firming trend. Despite some recent volatility in home prices, elevated values suggest some room in the market for new inventory.

Most of the action lately has been in multi-family with that series hitting 175,000 in November, an all-time high. December figures for housing starts will print on Monday of next week.

## Previous: 252K

## Consensus: 190K



## Australian Retail Sales • Wednesday

As the nearby chart shows, retail sales activity in Australia has seen the rate of growth trending lower over the past three years or so. Consumers in Australia face elevated levels of household debt as home prices have risen dramatically in some markets.
This problem has been compounded by the fact that wage growth has been under pressure in recent years making it harder for households to free up extra spending money.
The unemployment rate has been trending lower, however, and the 5.4 percent jobless rate in November was at a four-year low. Retail sales shot up 0.5 percent in October marking the second-largest monthly jump in store sales for 2017. The retail sales report for November will hit the wire on Thursday of next week and that will tell us how Aussie retailers were faring heading into the key summer selling months around Christmas.

## Previous: 0.5\% (Month-over-Month)

Consensus: 0.4\%


## U.K. Industrial Production • Wednesday

Prospects for growth in the United Kingdom are dependent, at least to some degree, on the Brexit negotiation process. Unfortunately, there is simply no realistic way of knowing the outcome of that process at this time.
In this climate of uncertainty, we are particularly attentive to the risk that uncertainties might cause businesses to retrench via lower investment or to cut back on hiring, which could cause the British economy to weaken further.
Industrial production figures for November due out on Wednesday will offer a measure of activity in the factory sector. Output was flat in October after a 0.7 percent pick-up in the prior month. As the nearby chart shows, the year-over-year figures have been quite volatile in recent years. Even a modest monthly gain in November would likely still result in a dip in the year-over-year rate.

Previous: 3.6\% (Year-over-Year)
Consensus: 1.8\%


Source: Bloomberg LP and Wells Fargo Securities

## Interest Rate Watch

Fed on Track for March Hike
Minutes from the December FOMC meeting suggest that the Fed will likely raise the fed funds rate again in March in what we believe will be the first of three rate increases this year. That comes despite some continued concerns about the outlook for inflation and more recent chatter about the flattening of the yield curve. Growth is expected to remain above its long-term rate next year, however, due in part to the tax bill providing a modest bump to consumer spending and capital investment.

## Hinging on Inflation

Inflation remains the most prominent risk to the rate path. Inflation's continued shortfall from the Fed's target and lower inflation expectations led to dissents from Charles Evans and Neel Kashkari, but concern looked to extend to at least one other non-voter. Nevertheless, many members remain of the belief that as the labor market tightens, higher wages and inflation will follow.
The uncertainty surrounding which matters more for inflation over the medium termlower expectations or slack-left inflation noted as both an upside and downside risk to the current path of rate hikes.

## Yield Curve-Not Unusual

The flatter yield curve may have some analysts thinking the Fed may have to backoff their current rate path. Yet, despite Kashkari highlighting it in his dissent, the Committee largely remained unconcerned. Some flattening was to be expected with the FOMC raising short-term rates, and the degree of flattening "was not unusual by historic standards." When the spread between 10 - and 2 -year Treasuries was similarly narrow in the Spring 2005, the FOMC raised rates another nine times.

## Financial Conditions-Still Easy

While some members look increasingly eager to demonstrate that the FOMC's inflation goal is symmetric, a couple others noted that keeping policy highly accommodative continues to pose risks to financial stability. That risk, however, remains more difficult to measure than a two percent inflation goal.

## Credit Market Insights

## Financial Conditions Remain Easy

Financial conditions remain easy compared to historical norms. While they tightened somewhat through the middle of 2017, conditions eased again in November and December, according to the Chicago Federal Reserve's National Financial Conditions Index (NFCI). The NFCI summarizes 105 measures of financial activity. Decreasing risk, looser credit conditions and higher leverage are associated with a declines in the NFCI, and represent looser financial conditions.
Despite the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) raising rates three times in 2017 and beginning to wind down its balance sheet, the NFCI indicates that financial conditions have fallen to levels not seen since the mid-199os. Recent strength in the economy may encourage investors to take on more leverage, which would contribute to lower values for the NFCI. However, even the adjusted NFCI, which controls for the state of the business cycle and level of inflation, shows that financial conditions have eased since late-2015 when the Fed began tightening monetary policy.
The NFCI suggests that consumers have been cushioned so far from the effects of a higher federal funds rate. However, we are expecting the FOMC to raise rates three more times in 2018, and with continued rate hikes financial conditions will likely tighten in the year ahead. However, historically low debt payment-to-income ratios mean that households will likely be able to manage somewhat tighter financial conditions.

Source: Federal Reserve Board. IHS Global Insight, Bloomberg LP and
Wells Fargo Securities

| Credit Mratket Daita |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mortgage Rates | Current | Week <br> Ago | 4 Weeks <br> Ago | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Ago } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 30-Yr Fixed | 3.95\% | 3.99\% | 3.93\% | 4.20\% |
| 15-Yr Fixed | 3.38\% | 3.44\% | 3.36\% | 3.44\% |
| 5/1 ARM | 3.45\% | 3.47\% | 3.36\% | 3.33\% |
| Bank Lending | Current Assets (Billions) | 1-Week <br> Change (SAAR) | 4-Week <br> Change (SAAR) | Year-Ago <br> Change |
| Commercial \& Industrial | \$2,120.0 | 8.92\% | -0.67\% | 1.10\% |
| Revolving Home Equity | \$378.4 | -5.50\% | -3.58\% | -6.78\% |
| Residential Mortgages | \$1,815.4 | . $17.26 \%$ | 3.59\% | 3.85\% |
| Commerical Real Estate | \$2,077.6 | -1.10\% | 1.05\% | 5.90\% |
| Consumer | \$1,425.3 | -2.91\% | 1.54\% | 5.25\% |

[^0]
## Topic of the Week

## Can Consumers Keep the Party Going?

The improvement in consumer confidence over the past year has been followed by a strong response from consumers as they dipped further into their pockets while bringing down the savings rate to complement the low rate of growth of disposable personal income. However, real disposable personal income growth has been improving lately, just in time to help consumers keep the current party going. Furthermore, the expectation of a still-strong employment market for this year and an even lower rate of unemployment should be enough to keep consumers happy. We should also see continued improvement in salaries and wages if the labor market continues to tighten as we are anticipating. At the same time, Americans are tapping into credit cards to complement the weak growth in disposable personal income. However, Americans do not seem to be overstretching in terms of credit card loans as revolving credit growth is still relatively low compared to the past and credit card delinquency rates remain low. Today, revolving credit is growing at about 5 to 6 percent on a year-earlier basis. Even the rate of growth of student loans has slowed down considerably over the past several years (bottom graph).
Will it be sustainable? The fact that the effects of the tax reform on disposable personal income will start to take effect in 2019 will probably give more staying power to the improvement in consumption. So yes, it should be sustainable at least until the end of 2019.
So what could go wrong? Inflation and higher-thanexpected interest rates. If the tax reform, i.e., fiscal policy, adds to stronger economic growth more than what we are estimating, then we could run into issues with higher inflation to a point that pushes the Federal Reserve to step up its tightening campaign. And for those who think that inflation is no longer a problem, we must remind them that we have been there before, when the talk was that the business cycle was dead and then the Great Recession put that thought to rest. That is, never underestimate the power of economic theory.

Real Disposable Income vs. Real PCE
Year-over-Year Percent Change


$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}80 & 82 & 84 & 86 & 88 & 90 & 92 & 94 & 96 & 98 & 00 & 02 & 04 & 06 & 08 & 10 \\ 12 & 14 & 16\end{array}$
Source: Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Department of Commerce and Wells Fargo Securities

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Market Data Mid-Day Fioiday



|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Friday } \\ 1 / 5 / 2018 \end{array}$ | 1 Week Ago | 1 Year <br> Ago |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Euro (\$/€) | 1.205 | 1.201 | 1.061 |
| British Pound (\$/£) | 1.355 | 1.351 | 1.242 |
| British Pound ( $£ / \epsilon$ ) | 0.889 | 0.888 | 0.854 |
| Japanese Yen ( $\ddagger / \$$ ) | 113.290 | 112.690 | 115.350 |
| Canadian Dollar (C\$/\$) | 1.251 | 1.257 | 1.323 |
| Swiss Franc ( $\mathrm{CHF} / \$$ ) | 0.976 | 0.974 | 1.010 |
| Australian Dollar (US\$/A\$) | 0.784 | 0.781 | 0.734 |
| Mexican Peso (MXN/\$) | 19.371 | 19.659 | 21.423 |
| Chinese Yuan (CNY/\$) | 6.488 | 6.507 | 6.877 |
| Indian Rupee (INR/\$) | 63.371 | 63.871 | 67.961 |
| Brazilian Real (BRL/\$) | 3.243 | 3.309 | 3.199 |
| U.S. Dollar Index | 92.058 | 92.602 | 101.520 |

Source: Bloomberg LP and Wells Fargo Securities



## Next Week's Economic Calendar

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { İ } \\ & \text { in } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Consumer Credit | JOLTS Job Openings | Import Price Index (MoM) | PPI (MoM) | CPI (MoM) |
|  | October \$20.5B | November $5,996 \mathrm{~K}$ | November $0.7 \%$ | November 0.4\% | November 0.4\% |
|  |  |  | December 0.4\% (W) | December 0.1\% (W) | December 0.1\% (W) |
|  |  | NFIB Small Business Optimism |  | Monthly Budget Statement | Retail Sales (MoM) |
|  |  | Novem ber 107.5 |  | November $\$ 138.58$ | November 0.8\% |
|  |  |  |  |  | December $0.5 \%$ (W) |
| Global Data | Canada <br> Housing Starts <br> November 252 K | China | United Kingdom | Italy | Greece |
|  |  | CPI (YoY) | Industrial Production (YoY) | Retail Sales | CPI (YoY) |
|  |  | November 1.7\% | October 3.6\% | October -1.0\% | November $1.1 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Australia |  |  |
|  |  |  | Retail Sales |  |  |
|  |  |  | October 0.5\% |  |  |

Note: $(W)=$ Wells Fargo Estimate (C) = Consensus Estimate

Source: Bloomberg LP and Wells Fargo Securities

| Diane Schumaker-Krieg | Global Head of Research, | (704) 410-1801 | diane.schumaker@wellsfargo.com |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Economics \& Strategy | $(212) 214-5070$ |  |
| John E. Silvia, Ph.D. | Chief Economist | $(704) 410-3275$ | john.silvia@wellsfargo.com |
| Mark Vitner | Senior Economist | $(704) 410-3277$ | mark.vitner@wellsfargo.com |
| Jay H. Bryson, Ph.D. | Global Economist | $(704) 410-3274$ | jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com |
| Sam Bullard | Senior Economist | $(704) 410-3280$ | sam.bullard@wellsfargo.com |
| Nick Bennenbroek | Currency Strategist | $(212) 214-5636$ | nicholas.bennenbroek@wellsfargo.com |
| Eugenio J. Alemán, Ph.D. | Senior Economist | $(704) 410-3273$ | eugenio.j.aleman@wellsfargo.com |
| Azhar Iqbal | Econometrician | $(704) 410-3270$ | azhar.iqbal@wellsfargo.com |
| Tim Quinlan | Senior Economist | $(704) 410-3283$ | tim.quinlan@wellsfargo.com |
| Eric Viloria, CFA | Currency Strategist | $(212) 214-5637$ | eric.viloria@wellsfargo.com |
| Sarah House | Economist | $(704) 410-3282$ | sarah.house@wellsfargo.com |
| Michael A. Brown | Economist | $(704) 410-3278$ | michael.a.brown@wellsfargo.com |
| Jamie Feik | Economist | $(704) 410-3291$ | jamie.feik@wellsfargo.com |
| Erik Nelson | Currency Strategist | $(212) 214-5652$ | erik.f.nelson@wellsfargo.com |
| Michael Pugliese | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-3156$ | michael.d.pugliese@wellsfargo.com |
| Harry Pershing | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-3034$ | harry.pershing@wellsfargo.com |
| Hank Carmichael | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-3059$ | john.h.carmichael@wellsfargo.com |
| Ariana Vaisey | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-1309$ | ariana.b.vaisey@wellsfargo.com |
| Abigail Kinnaman | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-1570$ | abigail.kinnaman@wellsfargo.com |
| Shannon Seery | Economic Analyst | $(704) 410-1681$ | shannon.seery@wellsfargo.com |
| Donna LaFleur | Executive Assistant | $(704) 410-3279$ | donna.lafleur@wellsfargo.com |
| Dawne Howes | Administrative Assistant | $(704) 410-3272$ | dawne.howes@wellsfargo.com |


#### Abstract

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# The Kiplinger Letter <br> FORECASTS FOR EXECUTIVES AND INVESTORS 

1100 13th Street NW, Washington, DC $20005^{\circ}$ Special Issue

## Dear Client:

Retailers are in for a good holiday season this year. The economy is picking up. Consumers have money to spend and are willing to spend it.


#### Abstract

ECONOMY Figure on holiday sales growing by $3.8 \%$ from 2016's levels...the biggest annual bump since 2014. Household finances are in good condition thanks to low unemployment, rising home prices and a stock market that keeps setting new highs.

More shoppers are getting an early start on their holiday buying. This year, $45 \%$ of them planned to begin hunting for gifts in Oct. Last year... only a third. Merchants are running special promotions well ahead of Black Friday to cater to early birds.


More folks than ever are shopping online... Especially on smartphones. Online sales will grow by a whopping $18 \%$ this holiday season, with mobile users driving most of that increase. $72 \%$ of consumers plan to at least look for gifts on Amazon, whether or not they buy something there.

Some key considerations for online sellers:
Detailed product information drives sales.

Washington, October 2017

## ECONOMIC FORECASTS

GDP growth
2.1\% in '17;
2.4\% in '18

## Interest rates

10 -year T -notes at $2.4 \%$ at end ' 17 ; 2.8\% at end '18

Inflation
$1.6 \%$ at the end of ' 17 ;
$2.0 \%$ at the end of ' 18
Unemployment
Ending '17 at 4.3\%;
ending '18 at 4.0\%
Crude oil
Trading from $\$ 40$ to $\$ 45 / \mathrm{bbl}$. in Dec.

Retail sales
Rising $4.0 \%$ in ' 18 , excluding gasoline, up from $3.8 \%$ in ' 17

Complete economic outlook at kiplinger.com/outlooks

Almost all shoppers read reviews of items they're eyeing. One-quarter of consumers say that customer reviews are the most important factor in their own buying decisions.

Buyers seek out generous return policies. Having to pay to send back an item can be a turn-off for shoppers accustomed to the free returns that big retailers offer. Shipping fees are rising. UPS will charge more for holiday season delivery, and both UPS and FedEx are hiking the surcharges they levy on oversize packages.

Even as online buying soars, brick-and-mortar sales will still dominate, accounting for about $85 \%$ of purchases. Most folks will still buy most gifts in-store.

Holiday hiring looks strong. Target is bringing on 100,000 extra staff. FedEx and UPS plan to hire the same number of seasonal workers as last year.

Folks buying in-store expect retailers to match prices advertised online. Many large retailers have policies to do so...better than losing a purchase entirely.

Expect more shoppers to pay with their phones, not cash or credit cards. A third of smartphone users will use payment apps such as Google's Android Pay or Mastercard PayPass. Such apps are actually more secure than credit cards now.

Some hot sellers this year will be high-tech...Apple's new audio equipment and iPhone X, which will be in short supply. Fitness trackers. Virtual-reality headsets. Fingerlings interactive "pets" for kids. Amazon Echo, the voice-activated virtual helper.

And some have a retro feel...vinyl records and record players. '90s cartoons, such as Pokémon. Cameras that use actual film. And flip phones...once derided as "dumb phones" when smartphones took off, but making a small comeback now.

# MORE ECONOMY <br> Look for the Federal Reserve to tap the brakes on planned interest rate hikes. Here's why. Costs of health care and college tuition are climbing only slowly: Up just about 2\% for each...their lowest levels of increase in decades. Odds are that they'll stay on a mild upward pace, given various cost controls being put in place. Other deflationary forces are also at work: A glut of new trucks and cars. And the growth of e-commerce, which keeps retail prices, including for food, in check. Though wages are rising, the impact won't be felt until much later next year. We still think the Fed will raise short-term rates by a quarter-point in Dec. But expect it to dial back plans for three hikes next year. Barring a big jump in prices, the inflation data probably won't justify such an aggressive timetable. 

[^1]A resurgence in oil-producing Alberta is fueling heady growth in Canada, barely a year after fierce wildfires swept the western province's oil sands region around Fort McMurray. Despite the price of oil hovering at just $\$ 50$ or so per barrel, production from the oil sands is recovering, shipments to U.S. Gulf Coast refineries are surging, and manufacturing, retail sales, exports and housing are doing well.

Alberta's economy is headed for a record $4.2 \%$ expansion this year, versus a $3.6 \%$ contraction in 2016...good for first place among the 10 provinces.

Canada overall will see its GDP grow by a solid $2.7 \%$ or better in 2017, topping the performance of the other industrialized nations in the Group of Seven.

Next year, however, growth will slow, and the dip will stretch into 2019 as interest rates and a stronger Canadian dollar take a toll on housing activity and exports, respectively. Look for Canadian GDP growth to fall to around $2 \%$ in 2018 and to a pace below $2 \%$ in 2019...a far cry from this year's strong figure.

## Investing

Actively managed funds are staging a comeback in 2017. The majority of active fund managers beat their benchmarks in the first half of 2017. Actively managed funds, which try to outpace the market rather than simply keep up with a particular index, face mounting competition from exchange-traded funds, index funds and smart beta funds, which use computers to make stock picks. Last year, passively run funds took in $\$ 492$ billion. Active funds saw $\$ 204$ billion leave. Several factors could help active managers continue their hot streak. The Federal Reserve's easy monetary policies have pushed up stock valuations as investors search for higher returns than the paltry yields on cash and most bonds. With the Fed starting to tighten monetary policy, company fundamentals are likely to become more important in spotting good buys, giving human managers an edge.

[^2]
## POLITICS

One advantage Democrats have heading into 2018's midterm elections: Party unity. While GOP incumbents gear up for bruising primary battles, few Democrats will have to fend off intraparty rivals before the general election. The split between mainstream Democrats and progressives that marked 2016 hasn't healed. But the party knows it has to set such differences aside to win in 2018. So far, progressives are mostly supporting establishment candidates.

The GOP's internal feuds give Democrats hope of taking back control of at least one chamber of Congress. Many Republicans could end up weakened in Nov. 2018 after spending money and energy defeating conservative rivals.

But Democratic unity will prove short-lived. Supporters of Bernie Sanders, the populist Vt. senator, will rally to him if he runs for president again in 2020. If he sits it out, his backers will likely gravitate to another progressive champion, even if party leaders support a more centrist candidate with broader appeal.
congress Congress could pass major, bipartisan criminal justice reform legislation...
If it has the time. A large coalition of lawmakers tried to implement reforms
to the floor for votes this time, giving both parties a rare opportunity to come together.
The bill nixes the three-strike rule, giving judges more sentencing discretion
for nonviolent drug offenders, and emphasizes rehabilitation and cutting recidivism.
President Obama and politicians from across the political spectrum backed the idea.
Supporters hope to get GOP leaders' attention once big items such as tax reform clear.

THE Commerce Dept. budget woes could lead to an inaccurate 2020 census. CENSUS Census Bureau officials say they can't adequately fund the next head count if Congress doesn't authorize more funds, a request it has rebuffed for several years. As a result, the government auditor deems the census an at-risk project. Officials estimate they need $\$ 15.6$ billion. Planned field tests were canceled this year.<br>A botched census could cost cities millions and voters federal representation, as everything from school lunch funding to how many U.S. House seats a state gets is decided by counting how many people are in the U.S. and exactly where they live.

FOREIGN The defeat of Islamic State in Syria won't end U.S. involvement in the region. AFFAIRS In some ways, the going will get tougher. Now that Raqqa, ISIS' last bastion in the Middle East, has fallen to U.S.-backed forces, it will be harder for Washington to keep its Iraqi, Turkish and Kurdish allies from fighting each other for the spoils. U.S.-Turkish relations are badly strained as Ankara turns anti-American. Iraq and its minority Kurds are on the brink of hostilities, posing a dilemma for Washington, which wants to support both sides and keep Iran out of the country.

Regional chaos will worsen, now that the common foe ISIS has been beaten and Russia seeks to expand its influence by arming and backing several countries. Meanwhile, the remnants of ISIS will seek to mount new terror attacks elsewhere.

[^3]
## DIGITAL SECURITY

A major security concern for small merchants: Outdated credit card readers. Many small firms use years-old systems that are easy targets for hackers because they lack encryption and other security features that come on new models. Plus, older versions don't accept mobile payments, such as Apple Pay. Why do smalls fail to upgrade? Many want to avoid the hassle. Others don't realize the security risk.

New point-of-sale terminals are cheap and come with a slew of features, such as built-in encryption, automatic software patches and backup systems. New card readers have software for customer loyalty programs, accounting tools, real-time inventory management and more. Restaurants, hotels and other sellers are using portable card readers from Verifone and Ingenico that cost $\$ 200$ or so.

PRIVACY Look for tech giants to give consumers more say in managing their privacy.
Facebook, Google and other tech companies are making customers happy by prompting them with notices to check their privacy settings and data sharing. Facebook has had success with alerts to do a "checkup" on privacy, for example.

Digital companies aren't about to pare back data collecting measures, though. The trend of giving consumers more transparency is a way to fend off blowback from both customers and regulators. One idea internet giants are pushing back against: Requiring increased consumer consent for data collection. Many privacy advocates want that step, while tech firms say that it would hurt business and innovation without protecting privacy. But more outcry could put such a reg or law on the table.
energy Backers of Arctic drilling could win in GOP tax plans that would sell rights to oil and gas in the federal Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to fund tax cuts. Alaska lawmakers and industry continually push to open 2,000 of its acres to drilling, to the consternation of Democrats, conservationists, Indian tribes and outdoor groups. GOP blueprints don't specify the preserve, but all sides assume it's a target.


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## 2017 Interest/Dividends Received By Institution

| Institution | October |  | November |  | December |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { ar-To-Date } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { Year-To-Date } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heritage Bank | \$ | 1,274.13 | \$ | 1,051.24 | \$ | 1,104.18 | \$ | 13,715.81 | \$ | 18,714.40 |
| Morgan Stanley Smith Barney | \$ | 25,079.55 | \$ | 9,000.00 | \$ | 22,800.00 | \$ | 167,183.48 | \$ | 124,729.08 |
| Multi-Bank Securities | \$ | 12,033.86 | \$ | 29,466.41 | \$ | 20,000.00 | \$ | 120,321.10 | \$ | 56,250.00 |
| UBS | \$ | 56,200.00 | \$ | 4,333.33 | \$ | - | \$ | 208,808.75 | \$ | 298,675.00 |
| Wells Fargo | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 23,450.00 | \$ | 142,400.00 | \$ | 169,686.38 |
| Wells Fargo Advisors | \$ | 37,500.11 | \$ | - | \$ | 11,504.25 | \$ | 178,830.48 | \$ | 111,404.05 |
| Totals | \$ | 132,087.65 | \$ | 43,850.98 | \$ | 78,858.43 | \$ | 831,259.62 | \$ | 779,458.91 |

## Historical Balances At the End of Each Quarter 2007 through 12/31/2017

|  | Investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1st Quarter |  | 2nd Quarter |  | 3rd Quarter |  | 4th Quarter |  |
| 2017 | \$39,943,489.59 |  | \$43,559,677.54 |  | \$41,562,162.56 |  | \$41,665,490.60 | \# |
| 2016 | \$35,756,051.24 |  | \$37,535,496.68 |  | \$38,236,920.67 |  | \$40,059,470.53 | \# |
| 2015 | \$42,089,898.87 | \# | \$41,645,493.62 | \# | \$37,279,279.96 | \# | \$42,426,578.11 | \# |
| 2014 | \$44,669,958.48 | \# | \$44,497,454.10 | \# | \$44,393,573.89 | \# | \$44,192,171.67 | \# |
| 2013 | \$45,036,646.37 | \# | \$43,145,874.09 | \# | \$45,544,516.83 | \# | \$43,871,669.60 | \# |
| 2012 | \$41,122,817.67 | \# | \$37,855,613.32 | \# | \$44,310,158.10 | \# | \$47,119,283.92 | \# |
| 2011 | \$41,498,738.04 | \# | \$42,926,445.51 | \# | \$33,053,338.89 | \# | \$46,841,372.72 | \# |
| 2010 | \$41,358,462.50 |  | \$40,144,176.24 | \# | \$44,577,231.24 | \# | \$48,797,293.88 | \# |
| 2009 | \$40,055,806.99 |  | \$41,062,156.99 |  | \$38,897,050.00 |  | \$45,863,584.72 |  |
| 2008 | \$41,205,848.94 |  | \$43,736,011.19 |  | \$45,244,926.32 |  | \$42,945,529.36 |  |
| 2007 | \$43,139,351.72 |  | \$48,100,353.36 |  | \$47,115,305.03 |  | \$50,105,966.14 |  |


| Operating Cash (Flex Gold and Checking) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st Quarter | 2nd Quarter | 3rd Quarter | 4th Quarter |
| $\$ 6,657,270.15$ | $\$ 6,567,762.11$ | $\$ 6,838,888.14$ | $\$ 10,492,227.55$ |
| $\$ 9,469,606.22$ | $\$ 11,215,298.77$ | $\$ 8,877,284.91$ | $\$ 11,098,844.31$ |
| $\$ 6,052,923.58$ | $\$ 7,746,033.30$ | $\$ 9,955,964.40$ | $\$ 8,044,197.86$ |
| $\$ 2,692,337.80$ | $\$ 7,288,512.71$ | $\$ 5,397,016.71$ | $\$ 7,929,545.18$ |
| $\$ 4,864,300.48$ | $\$ 7,115,084.74$ | $\$ 2,428,725.91$ | $\$ 6,945,509.90$ |
| $\$ 8,136,948.46$ | $\$ 11,647,103.27$ | $\$ 6,473,162.53$ | $\$ 7,735,728.32$ |
| $\$ 6,566,351.65$ | $\$ 9,181,801.11$ | $\$ 18,167,922.89$ | $\$ 7,404,105.73$ |
| $\$ 5,700,619.84$ | $\$ 8,771,348.62$ | $\$ 3,304,736.92$ | $\$ 4,417,038.74$ |
| $\$(2,077,111.26)$ | $\$ 7,201,418.64$ | $\$ 8,850,416.77$ | $\$ 5,516,985.71$ |
| $\$ 3,167,634.31$ | $\$ 1,718,731.16$ | $\$ 1,997,209.74$ | $\$ 6,351,625.00$ |
| $\$ 9926,179.01$ | $\$ 663,940.06$ | $\$ 926,179.01$ | $\$(341,184.39)$ |

\# Investment Balance after adjusting for market values 2010 market values were only adjusted 1/1/10 and 12/31/10

[^4]
## Historical Interest/Dividends Received Per Quarter 2007 through 12/31/2017

| Year | 1st Quarter | 2nd Quarter |  | 3rd Quarter |  | 4th Quarter |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Annual Totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 | $\$ 209,941.65$ | $\$ 207,001.33$ | $\$ 159,519.58$ | $\$ 254,797.06$ | $\$$ | $831,259.62$ |  |
| 2016 | $\$ 203,419.67$ | $\$ 243,624.43$ | $\$ 128,705.25$ | $\$ 203,709.56$ | $\$$ | $779,458.91$ |  |
| 2015 | $\$ 187,662.01$ | $\$ 241,077.82$ | $\$ 183,436.47$ | $\$ 238,629.12$ | $\$$ | $850,805.42$ |  |
| 2014 | $\$ 196,385.66$ | $\$ 258,307.26$ | $\$ 182,514.61$ | $\$ 259,763.87$ | $\$ 8$ | $896,971.40$ |  |
| 2013 | $\$ 221,647.55$ | $\$ 231,204.91$ | $\$ 171,397.74$ | $\$ 264,878.39$ | $\$$ | $889,128.59$ |  |
| 2012 | $\$ 143,871.89$ | $\$ 345,677.26$ | $\$ 175,728.62$ | $\$ 159,483.59$ | $\$ 8$ | $824,761.36$ |  |
| 2011 | $\$ 281,807.02$ | $\$ 275,608.48$ | $\$ 290,307.92$ | $\$ 211,444.35$ | $\$ 1,059,167.77$ |  |  |
| 2010 | $\$ 234,241.45$ | $\$ 446,351.92$ | $\$ 233,012.97$ | $\$ 365,903.94$ | $\$ 1,279,510.28$ |  |  |
| 2009 | $\$ 509,706.62$ | $\$ 484,844.91$ | $\$ 342,331.25$ | $\$ 343,882.12$ | $\$ 1,680,764.90$ |  |  |
| 2008 | $\$ 531,303.45$ | $\$ 435,311.50$ | $\$ 478,334.39$ | $\$ 554,954.62$ | $\$ 1,999,903.96$ |  |  |
| 2007 | $\$ 622,474.29$ | $\$ 495,977.22$ | $\$ 582,224.88$ | $\$ 728,080.25$ | $\$ 2,428,756.64$ |  |  |

# Rice Memorial Hospital Financial Statements 

October 31, 2017

## Executive Summary

October was a negative month in terms of actual financial performance with Rice generating Operating Losses of $\$ 195,000$. Total Patient Revenues were $4.1 \%$ greater than the three-month average but Total Operating Revenues were only $1.6 \%$ greater than average due to lower reimbursement across most services and specifically commercial insurance activity. However, Net Operating Expenses were 3.7\% greater than average, all contributing to the negative performance.

Here is a summary of key financial indicators:

|  | Actual | Forecast | $\underline{2016}$ | $\underline{2015}$ | Benchmark | $\frac{\text { Actual - }}{\text { YTTD }}$ | Desired |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating MarginMonth | -2.3\% | 3.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Operating Margin- } \\ & \text { YTD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 2.0\% | 3.2\% | 3.6\% | 2.4\% | 2.8\% | $\theta$ |  |
| Excess MarginMonth | -2.1\% | 3.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excess MarginYTD | 2.0\% | 3.6\% | 3.8\% | 3.3\% | 5.4\% | $\sqrt{\Omega}$ |  |
| EBIDA Margin- <br> Month | 6.5\% | 12.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { EBIDA Margin- } \\ & \text { YTD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 10.5\% | 12.2\% | 13.0\% | 12.9\% | 11.1\% | $1$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt/Capitalization | 38.5\% | 37.0\% | 40.1\% | 43.5\% | 35.5\% |  |  |
| Net Days of Receivables | 49 | 51 | 52 | 63 | 47 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Days of Cash | 129 | 137 | 116 | 116 | 151 |  |  |
| Cash/Debt | 80\% | 85\% | 68\% | 59\% | 101\% | $V$ |  |

October 31, 2017 Balance Sheet:
The October Balance Sheet realized an increase in Net Assets of $\$ 2.7$ million from December 31, 2016. Total Assets increased $\$ 4.2$ million while Total Liabilities increased $\$ 1.5$ million. The Total Assets increase was due to an increase in Current Assets of $\$ 770,000$; an increase in Assets-Use is Limited of $\$ 341,000$; a decrease in Property, Plant, and Equipment of $\$ 2.1$ million; and an increase in Other Assets of $\$ 5.2$ million. The increase in Current Assets was due to increases in Cash and Receivables and partially offset by the August Debt Service payments. The Rice Trust Endowment Fund realized an increase of $\$ 341,000$ due to positive market performance. Property, Plant,
and Equipment decreased due to depreciation expense greater than acquisitions. Other Assets have increased due to positive financial performance at Rice which increased Investments and also improved WMS financial performance. Cash \& General Investments have increased $\$ 4.3$ million since December 31, 2016.


## October 2017 Results:

The Consolidated Operating Losses were $\$ 195,000$ compared to the prior three-month average Operating Losses of $\$ 15,000$. Total Patient Revenues were $4.1 \%$ greater than the 3 -month average while Total Operating Revenues were $1.6 \%$ greater than the average. As shown in the graph below, Total Hospital Patient Revenues have gradually leveled off over the past few months increased for the past three years mostly due to lower reimbursement as shown by the slight decrease in Total Operating Revenues.


Hospital Revenues increased in the month from the average due to a $3.9 \%$ increase in Inpatient Revenues and a $4.0 \%$ increase in Outpatient Revenues. However, Deductions from Revenue increased $6.8 \%$ causing a $0.4 \%$ Net Revenue from Patients increase. Hospital Only Total Operating Revenues were $2.0 \%$ greater than average while WMS Revenues were $0.5 \%$ lower than average.


Care Center Total Operating Revenues increased during the month by $3.3 \%$ due to a Total Resident Revenues increase of 5.5\% from a 1.1\% increase in the census and a 1.4\% increase in Resident Acuity.


Home Medical Total Customer Revenues were 5.0\% higher than average. Sales were $8.9 \%$ higher than average and Rentals were $3.1 \%$ lower than average.


Total Deductions from Revenue were 7.4\% higher than average even though Total Patient Revenues were $4.1 \%$ greater than average. The Hospital's reimbursement rate for the month was $42.1 \%$ compared to the $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter rate of $43.7 \% ; 2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter rate of $44.5 \%$; $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2017 of $45.0 \%$; and $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter 2016 reimbursement rate of $45.7 \%$. As a result from the higher than expected increase in Deductions from Revenue; Net Revenue from Patients was only $0.4 \%$ greater than average. Other Operating Revenues were $7.5 \%$ higher than average due to improved performance at WMS. Net WMS activity at RMH was $0.3 \%$ less than the average.

Net Expenses were $\$ 8.8$ million, $3.7 \%$ greater than average. Expenses were mixed, however, Salaries were $2.9 \%(\$ 120,000)$ higher than average due to additional staffing in numerous departments, Contract Labor $7.9 \%(\$ 33,000)$ lower than average due to contracted physician costs in Oncology, and Benefits $4.2 \%(\$ 54,000)$ higher than average due to health insurance activity. The Hospital Compensation Ratio was $53.3 \%$ for the month compared to the target of $50 \%$; $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ratio of $52.9 \% ; 2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter 2017 ratio of $50.4 \%$; $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2017 ratio of $51.6 \% ; 4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter 2016 ratio of $50.9 \%$; and the $50.1 \% 3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter 2016 ratio. Supplies were $17.7 \%(\$ 190,000)$ higher than average due to volumes in Surgery, Lab, and Home Medical while Drugs were $6.2 \%(\$ 57,000)$ lower than average due to Oncology activity. Purchased Services were $9.2 \%(\$ 67,000)$ higher due to Legal and Dental Clinic Purchased Services; Repairs Service \& Rentals were 9.6\% lower due to numerous departments; Utilities $13.5 \%$ lower; Insurance $\$ 6,000$ lower; Patient Related Travel \$5,000 higher; Education Travel and Dues $\$ 57,00$ lower; and Other $\$ 3,000$ lower. Total Hospital Controllable Costs were $\$ 8.1$ million which was $1.8 \%$ higher than the average. Capital Costs were higher with Depreciation $1.8 \%$ higher and Interest $0.3 \%$ lower. Taxes were $28.2 \%$ higher due to the resumption of the MA Surcharge payments. Hospital Only Expenses were 3.3\% higher than average while WMS Expenses were 2.6\% less than average.

Non-Operating Activity realized Income of $\$ 12,000$ compared to the average of a $\$ 25,000$ Loss. Investment Income was $\$ 23,000$ higher; Unrealized Activity on Investments was $\$ 73,000$ lower; and Other was a gain of $\$ 2,000$.

The Hospital generated Operating Losses of $\$ 241,000$ compared to average Operating Losses of $\$ 147,000$. Total Operating Revenues were higher than average by $1.9 \%$ while Net Operating Expenses were 3.2\% higher than average. Operating Income at the Hospital for the past 12 months was $\$ 624,000$.


Care Center activity generated Operating Income of $\$ 104,000$ compared to average Operating Income of $\$ 102,000$. Total Operating Revenues were $3.3 \%$ higher than average with Net Operating Expenses $3.5 \%$ higher than average. Operating Income for the past twelve months was $\$ 1.4$ million.


Home Medical activity generated Operating Losses of $\$ 64,000$ compared to average Operating Income of $\$ 24,000$. Total Operating Revenues were $15.5 \%$ lower than average due to lower reimbursement and higher Cost of Goods Sold while Total Operating Expenses were $2.3 \%$ higher than average. Operating Losses for the past twelve months were $\$ 382,000$.


## October YTD Summary

The Consolidated YTD Operating Income was $\$ 1.7$ million compared to last year's Operating Income of $\$ 4.0$ million and 2015 YTD Operating Income of $\$ 2.5$ million. Total Operating Revenues were $0.6 \%$ lower than 2016 and 10.1\% greater than 2015. Hospital Inpatient Revenues were 8.0\% higher than 2016 and 11.1\% higher than 2015 with Outpatient Revenues 8.3\% higher than 2016 and 15.2\% higher than 2015. Care Center Revenues were $0.5 \%$ greater than 2016 and $1.6 \%$ lower than 2015. Home Medical Revenues were $8.5 \%$ higher than last year and $12.0 \%$ higher than 2015. Total Patient Revenues were 7.8\% higher than last year; $13.0 \%$ higher than 2015; and $23.4 \%$ higher than 2014.

Consolidated Deductions from Revenues were 11.3\% greater than 2016 and 12.1\% higher than 2015. Net Revenue from Patients has increased 4.2\% from 2016; 14.1\% from 2015; and $24.1 \%$ compared to 2014. Other Operating Revenues were $4.7 \%$ lower than 2016 but $3.8 \%$ higher than 2015. WMS activity at Rice which transfers net revenues back to WMS has increased $17.2 \%$ from 2016 and $22.7 \%$ from 2015.

Hospital Only Patient Revenues were 4.5\% greater than 2016 with WMS activity $16.2 \%$ greater than 2016. The Total Operating Revenue for Hospital Only services decreased 3.3\% this year while the WMS Total Operating Revenue increased 18.3\% from 2015.

Consolidated Net Expenses were 2.0\% greater than 2016; 11.4\% greater than 2015; and $11.4 \%$ greater than 2014. Expenses have increased in most categories with Salaries 2.1\% higher than 2016 and $7.1 \%$ higher than 2015 due to annual salary adjustments; Contract Labor 7.7\% higher than 2016 and $38.9 \%$ higher than 2015 due to increased activity in Oncology and contracted physicians; and Benefits 2.5\% higher than 2016 and 23.1\%
higher than 2015. The YTD 2017 Compensation Ratio was $51.7 \%$ compared to the target of $50.0 \% ; 2016$ ratio of $51.4 \%$; and 2015 ratio of $52.3 \%$. Other expenses that were higher were Supplies ( $7.4 \% / 19.8 \%$ higher) due to Surgery activity and Home Medical Sales; Drugs ( $28.4 \% / 47.5 \%$ higher) due to increased Inpatient and Oncology activity; Purchased Services ( $6.9 \% / 11.5 \%$ higher) due to Legal, Dental Clinic, and other departmental activity; Utilities (2.6\%/3.7\% higher); Patient Related Travel (0.8\%/8.2\% lower); Education, Travel, \& Dues ( $32.0 \% / 50.4 \%$ higher) due to numerous departments and activity; and Other ( $5.5 \% / 12.9 \%$ higher). Expense categories realizing lower costs in 2017 were Repairs, Service, \& Rentals ( $9.2 \% / 0.5 \%$ higher) and Insurance ( $10.1 \% / 7.1 \%$ lower). Capital Costs were lower with Depreciation ( $12.4 \%$ lower $/ 12.2 \%$ lower) and Interest ( $3.2 \%$ lower/7.0\% lower). Taxes and Surcharges were higher (2.1\%/4.9\% higher).

Hospital Only expenses were $1.9 \%$ higher than last year due to increases in patient activity with WMS expenses $16.9 \%$ higher than last year. Significant Hospital Only expense increases have occurred in Salaries, Contract Labor, Supplies, and Drugs all due to patient activity. Dues were higher related to the software license payment as mentioned above.

Non-Operating Activity has decreased \$704,000 from 2016 with 2017 Non-Operating Losses at $\$ 29,000$ compared to Income of $\$ 675,000$ in 2016. Investment Income was $\$ 29,000$ lower than last year's amount due to lower interest rates on re-invested securities; Unrealized Gains on Investments were $\$ 240,000$ lower compared to 2016; and Other Losses were $\$ 436,000$ higher compared to 2016.

The Hospital generated Operating Income of $\$ 783,000$ compared to last year's Operating Income of $\$ 4.6$ million. Care Center's Operating Income was $\$ 1.2$ million compared to last year's Income of \$7,300 while Home Medical's Operating Loss was $\$ 295,000$ compared to last year's Loss of $\$ 627,000$.

## Statistical and Volume Summary

Patient days were $56(5.6 \%)$ lower than forecast for the month with admissions 18 (6.5\%) higher than forecast yielding a decrease in length of stay of $4.0 \%$ and an $18.7 \%$ decrease in case-mix adjusted length of stay. Compared to the prior year, patient days were 7.4\% lower with admissions $10.8 \%$ higher. The average daily census for the month was 30.5 compared to forecast of $32.4 ; 33.0$ last year; and a 31.1 three month average.


YTD Patient days were 407 (3.9\%) lower than forecast with admissions 127 (4.4\%) greater than forecast yielding a $7.6 \%$ decrease in length of stay and a $13.6 \%$ decrease in case mix adjusted length of stay. Compared to 2016; Patient days were $3.6 \%$ less and the same as 2015. Admissions were $4.4 \%$ greater than forecast; $5.1 \%$ greater than 2016; and $10.0 \%$ greater than 2015.

The monthly Hospital Medicare case mix was $6.5 \%$ greater than forecast and $11.5 \%$ greater than last year. The overall case mix was $18.2 \%$ greater than forecast and $20.8 \%$ greater than last year. Overall activity as measured in adjusted admissions was $25.8 \%$ higher than forecast and $11.9 \%$ higher than last year while adjusted patient days were $11.6 \%$ higher than forecast but $6.5 \%$ lower than last year. Care Center resident days were $0.4 \%$ greater than forecast with a 72.3 average daily census while the case mix was $2.3 \%$ higher than forecast.

YTD Medicare case mix was $4.9 \%$ greater than forecast; $6.0 \%$ greater than 2016; and $8.1 \%$ greater than 2015. The overall case mix was $6.9 \%$ greater than forecast; $7.9 \%$ greater than 2016 and $15.4 \%$ greater than 2015. Adjusted admissions were $17.9 \%$ greater than forecast and $5.2 \%$ greater than last year while adjusted patient days were $8.5 \%$ greater than forecast but $3.5 \%$ less than last year. Deliveries were $2.1 \%$ greater than forecast; $0.2 \%$ greater than last year; but $6.1 \%$ less than 2015. Care Center resident days were $1.1 \%$ greater than forecast; $0.9 \%$ greater than last year; and $0.4 \%$ greater than 2015. Case mix was $1.4 \%$ greater than forecast; $1.4 \%$ greater than last year; and $0.2 \%$ greater than 2015.

Ancillary departments were mixed for the month. Surgery \& GI cases were $3.2 \%$ higher than forecast, $8.5 \%$ less than last year, but $5.2 \%$ greater than the average. Inpatient activity was $2.5 \%$ greater than forecast and $9.5 \%$ greater than last year while Outpatient activity was $3.4 \%$ greater than forecast but $13.6 \%$ less than last year.


YTD Surgery \& GI was $3.7 \%$ less than forecast; $5.9 \%$ less than last year but $4.9 \%$ greater than 2015. Inpatient cases were $1.3 \%$ greater than forecast and $4.6 \%$ greater than last year while Outpatient cases were $5.4 \%$ less than forecast and $9.2 \%$ less than last year.

Emergency Room visits were $1.6 \%$ greater than forecast for the month, $0.9 \%$ greater than last year, and $0.3 \%$ less than average. YTD ER visits were $0.9 \%$ greater than forecast; $0.2 \%$ greater than last year; and $1.8 \%$ less than 2015.


Monthly Laboratory tests were $9.0 \%$ greater than forecast, $2.3 \%$ greater than last year, and $12.5 \%$ greater than average. Medical Imaging procedures were $8.0 \%$ greater than forecast, $19.6 \%$ greater than last year, and $6.2 \%$ greater than average. Radiation Oncology visits $25.5 \%$ less than forecast, $2.4 \%$ greater than last year, and $27.9 \%$ less than average. Medical Oncology volumes were $13.0 \%$ higher than forecast, $20.7 \%$ higher than last year, and $8.4 \%$ higher than average.

On a YTD basis, Lab tests were 2.6\% greater than forecast; $5.7 \%$ greater than last year; and $7.0 \%$ greater than 2015. Medical Imaging procedures were $9.5 \%$ greater than forecast; $12.3 \%$ greater than last year; and $9.1 \%$ greater than 2015. Radiation Oncology treatments were $0.1 \%$ less than forecast; $0.2 \%$ greater than last year; and $9.2 \%$ less than 2015. Medical Oncology visits were $8.5 \%$ greater than forecast; $12.0 \%$ greater than last year; and $28.8 \%$ greater than 2015.

Dialysis treatments for the month were $6.3 \%$ greater than forecast, $4.7 \%$ less than last year, but 5.3\% greater than average; Rehab visits were $4.4 \%$ greater than forecast, $15.4 \%$ greater than last year, and $2.6 \%$ greater than average; Hospice visits were $18.0 \%$ greater than forecast, $24.4 \%$ greater than last year, and 14.4\% greater than average; and Ambulance runs were 11.9\% greater than forecast, $8.6 \%$ greater than last year, and $15.3 \%$ greater than average.

On a YTD basis, Dialysis treatments were $4.7 \%$ less than forecast; $6.3 \%$ less than last year, and $16.7 \%$ less than 2015. Rehab visits were $11.0 \%$ greater than forecast; $22.2 \%$ greater than last year; and $28.0 \%$ greater than 2015. Hospice visits were $2.7 \%$ greater than forecast; $1.6 \%$ less than last year; and $3.9 \%$ less than 2015. Ambulance runs were $0.5 \%$ greater than forecast; $2.9 \%$ greater than last year; and $3.3 \%$ greater than 2015.

Full Time Equivalents (FTE's) for the month were 783 compared to a forecast of 759 ( $3.2 \%$ higher); last year's total of 788 ( $0.6 \%$ lower); and less than the three month average of $786(0.3 \%)$. Hospital FTE's were $2.5 \%$ higher than forecast, $0.1 \%$ higher than
last year, and $0.6 \%$ less than average. Care Center FTE's were $11.5 \%$ greater than forecast, $3.2 \%$ greater than last year and $0.6 \%$ greater than average. Home Medical FTE's were $1.2 \%$ less than forecast, $11.7 \%$ less than last year, and $0.7 \%$ greater than average.

YTD FTE's were 788 compared to a forecast of 777 and 786 last year. Hospital FTE's were $0.1 \%$ less than forecast and $1.3 \%$ greater than last year; Care Center was $10.3 \%$ greater than forecast but $1.2 \%$ less than last year; and Home Medical was $3.4 \%$ greater than forecast and $7.3 \%$ less than last year.

## Key Performance Indicators

The Operational indicators were negative for the month compared to the forecast. Consolidated Operating Margin was $-2.3 \%$ for the month; $2.0 \%$ YTD; forecast of $3.2 \%$ and last year's $3.6 \%$. Excess Margin was $-2.1 \%$ for the month; 2.0\% YTD; forecast of $3.6 \%$ and last year's $0.7 \%$. EBIDA Operating Margin was $6.5 \%$ for the month; $10.5 \%$ YTD; forecast of $12.2 \%$ and last year's $13.0 \%$.

The Financial ratios indicate that the Debt/Capitalization ratio of $38.5 \%$ was higher than the forecast of $37.0 \%$ but declined from last year due to positive performance and the bond payments. Debt Service Coverage was 2.6 compared to the forecast of 3.6 and last year's 2.6. The Cash/Debt ratio was $80 \%$ compared to the forecast of $85 \%$ and last year's $68 \%$. Days in accounts receivable were 49 compared to the forecast of 51 and last year's 52. Days of Cash were 129 compared to the forecast of 137 and last year's 116.

Hospital productivity ratios in terms of staffing were lower for the month with FTE's per adjusted admit at 12.2; YTD of 12.7; forecast of 12.7; and last year's ratio of 13.1. FTE's per adjusted patient day were 3.8 for the month; 3.8 YTD ; forecast of 3.5 ; and 3.7 last year. Although FTE's are increasing, productivity is improving.

Hospital Full Time Equivalents \&


The quarterly Hospital productivity targets continued to be favorable compared to the Benchmark although increased in $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter. The Hospital has continually performed better than the Benchmark going back to $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2015.


The Hospital Total Operating Expense Ratio was $91.5 \%$ for the month; $89.1 \%$ YTD; forecast of $88 \%$; and last year's $87.6 \%$. Bad Debt ratio was $1.1 \%$ YTD compared to the $0.8 \%$ forecast and significantly better than the benchmark of $7.4 \%$. Capital Expense ratio was $6.7 \%$ YTD compared to $8.0 \%$ forecast, $7.9 \%$ last year, and the benchmark of $6.9 \%$.

Care Center Hours per Resident Day were 6.7 for the month; 6.6 YTD; forecast of 6.6 and 6.7 last year. The Care Center's Total Operating Expense Ratio was $87.0 \%$ for the month; 84.3\% YTD; 99.9\% Forecast; and 98.1\% in 2016.

Sales per FTE at Home Medical were $\$ 260,600$ for the month; $\$ 238,000$ YTD; forecast of $\$ 196,500$ and $\$ 210,900$ last year. Home Medical's Total Operating Expense Ratio was $115.3 \%$ for the month; 106.5\% YTD; 109.4\% forecast; and $113.5 \%$ in 2016.

## Key Performance Indicators by Entity

The Consolidated Operating Margins declined in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ( $-2.3 \%$ ) compared to $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ( $-0.2 \%$ ) $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter 2017 (4.4\%); lower than $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2017 (2.9\%); and $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter 2016 (1.3\%). The EBIDA Operating Margin was $6.5 \%$ in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter compared to $8.6 \%$ in $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter; $12.4 \%$ in $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter; $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter (11.4\%); and $10.7 \%$ in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter 2016. Excess Margin for $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter was $-2.1 \%$ compared to $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter - $0.5 \%$; $4.1 \%$ from $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter; $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter (3.4\%) and 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Quarter 2016 (-.7\%).


Hospital Operating Margins were lower in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ( $-3.5 \%$ ) compared to $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter $(-2.2 \%) ; 2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ( $3.7 \%$ ); and $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ( $2.8 \%$ ).


Care Center Operating Margins were lower in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter (13.0\%) compared to $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ( $13.1 \%$ ); $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ( $17.7 \%$ ); and $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ( $16.9 \%$ ).


Home Medical Operating Margin declined in $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ( $-7.8 \%$ ) compared to 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter (2.9\%); $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ( $-2.5 \%$ ); and $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ( $-10.4 \%$ ).


RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

## CONSOLIDATED

BALANCE SHEET
For the Ten Periods Ending October 31, 2017

|  |  | October $2017$ | 12/31/2016 | Variance | 12/31/2015 | Variance | 12/31/2014 | Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$5,130,156 | \$4,411,187 | \$718,969 | \$3,234,021 | \$1,896,134 | \$2,449,437 | \$2,680,718 |
| 4 | TRUSTEE BOND AGREEMENTS - CURRENT | 2,363,464 | 3,007,315 | $(643,851)$ | 2,958,692 | $(595,228)$ | 2,757,540 | $(394,076)$ |
| 5 | ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE NET | 16,690,456 | 16,007,152 | 683,303 | 18,272,917 | $(1,582,462)$ | 14,049,911 | 2,640,545 |
| 6 | OTHER RECEIVABLES | 1,566,177 | 1,647,805 | $(81,628)$ | 1,400,484 | 165,693 | 1,216,886 | 349,292 |
| 7 | INVENTORY | 2,719,469 | 2,694,764 | 24,705 | 2,140,792 | 578,677 | 1,974,860 | 744,609 |
| 8 | PREPAID EXPENSES | 1,160,566 | 1,091,182 | 69,384 | 1,025,311 | 135,255 | 877,299 | 283,266 |
|  | TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 29,630,288 | 28,859,405 | 770,883 | 29,032,218 | 598,070 | 23,325,933 | 6,304,354 |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 ASSETS LIMITED ASTO USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | HELD BY TRUSTEES - BOND AGREEMENTS | 3,776,634 | 3,776,634 | 0 | 3,776,634 | 0 | 3,776,634 | 0 |
| 16 | REMAINDER UNITRUST - RECEIVABLE | 30,839 | 30,839 | 0 | 47,522 | $(16,683)$ | 47,522 | $(16,683)$ |
| 17 | ENDOWMENT FUND - INVESTMENTS | 3,454,303 | 3,112,683 | 341,620 | 2,920,922 | 533,381 | 3,051,232 | 393,071 |
|  | TOTAL ASSETS - USE IS LMMITED | 7,261,776 | 6,920,156 | 341,620 | 6,745,079 | 516,698 | 6,885,388 | 376,388 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 PROPERTY PLANT \& EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | PROPERTY PLANT \& EQUIPMENT | 155,459,212 | 152,869,326 | 2,589,886 | 148,474,757 | 6,984,455 | 142,634,962 | 12,824,250 |
| 23 | LESS: ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | $(94,862,952)$ | $(90,093,345)$ | $(4,769,607)$ | (87,408,770) | $(7,454,183)$ | $(80,874,221)$ | $(13,988,731)$ |
| 25 26 | NET PROPERTY, PLANT \& EQUIPMENT | 60,596,260 | 62,775,981 | $(2,179,721)$ | 61,065,987 | (469,728) | 61,760,741 | (1,164,482) |
| 27 OTHER ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | INVESTMENTS - FIXED INCOME | 29,360,380 | 25,823,674 | 3,536,706 | 24,355,400 | 5,004,980 | 25,106,026 | 4,254,354 |
| 29 | INVESTMENTS - SHR | 521,226 | 521,226 | 0 | 487,523 | 33,703 | 459,048 | 62,178 |
| 30 | INVESTMENTS - WMS | 6,596,976 | 4,860,381 | 1,736,595 | 4,020,928 | 2,576,048 | 4,269,043 | 2,327,934 |
| 31 | INVES TMENTS - LAKE REGION HMS | $(11,908)$ | $(36,444)$ | 24,536 | $(16,322)$ | 4,413 | 18,124 | $(30,033)$ |
| 32 | INVESTMENTS - VHA UMCSC | 50,000 | 50,000 | 0 | 50,000 | 0 | 54,963 | $(4,963)$ |
| 33 | GOODWILL, NET | 79,612 | 80,722 | (1,110) | 82,056 | $(2,444)$ | 83,389 | $(3,777)$ |
|  | TOTAL OTHER ASSETS | 36,596,286 | 31,299,559 | 5,296,727 | 28,979,585 | 7,616,701 | 29,990,593 | 6,605,693 |
|  |  | (31940845609 | 819 98855902 |  | -1958828809 |  |  |  |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | CURRENT MATURITIES OF LTD | \$2,491,669 | \$2,491,669 | \$0 | \$2,239,597 | \$252,072 | \$1,944,520 | \$547,149 |
| 45 | ACCOUNTS PAYABLE TRADE | 2,496,626 | 2,966,626 | $(470,000)$ | 2,418,818 | 77,808 | 1,856,340 | 640,286 |
| 46 | EST, THIRD PARTY PAYOR SETTLEMENTS | 57,704 | 260,188 | $(202,484)$ | 80,000 | $(22,296)$ | (188,000) | 245,704 |
| 47 | ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS | 11,919,701 | 11,124,718 | 794,983 | 10,635,036 | 1,284,665 | 11,471,484 | 448,217 |
| 48 | ACCRUED INTEREST AND DUE TO WMS | 4,826,735 | 2,287,402 | 2,539,334 | 2,651,080 | 2,175,655 | 2,225,849 | 2,600,886 |
|  | TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 21,792,435 | 19,130,602 | 2,661,833 | 18,024,531 | 3,767,904 | 17,310,194 | 4,482,242 |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | LONG TERM DEBT (LESS CURRENT) | 43,251,557 | 44,409,605 | $(1,158,048)$ | 46,826,832 | $(3,575,275)$ | 47,945,859 | (4,694,302) |
|  | total liabilities | 65,043,992 | 63,540,207 | 1,503,785 | 64,851,363 | 192,629 | 65,256,052 | $(212,060)$ |
| 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | NET PENSION LLABILITY | 38,725,933 | 38,725,933 | 0 | 35,418,495 | 3,307,438 | 0 | 38,725,933 |
| 57 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 NET ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59 RESTRICTED FUNDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | DEBT SERVICE AND RESERVE | 3,776,634 | 3,776,634 | 0 | 3,776,634 | 0 | 3,776,634 | 0 |
| 61 | SPECIFIC PURPOSE FUND | 128,226 | 117,008 | 11,218 | 273,764 | $(145,538)$ | 216,568 | $(88,342)$ |
| 62 | PERMANENT ENDOWMENT | 3,454,303 | 3,112,683 | 341,620 | 2,920,922 | 533,381 | 3,061,232 | 393,071 |
| 63 | CURRENT YEAR INCOME | 1,747,315 | 738,034 | 1,009,281 | 2,848,854 | $(1,101,539)$ | (1,677,986) | 3,425,301 |
| 64 | UNRESTRICTED | 21,208,206 | 19,844,602 | 1,363,604 | 15,732,837 | 5,475,369 | 51,330,156 | $(30,121,950)$ |
|  | TOTAL NET ASSETS | 30,314,684 | 27,588,961 | 2,725,723 | 25,553,011 | 4,761,673 | 56,706,604 | (26,391,920) |
|  |  |  | 9129855902 | \% | 93125922869 |  | 51909869656 | 2312021959 |


|  | RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL CONSOLIDATED For The Month Ending October 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | PRIOR3 MO AVERAGE | \% VAR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2017 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \%VAR | August 2017 | \%Var | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuLY } \\ & 2017 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \% VAR |
| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INPATIENT REVENUE | \$5,857,713 | \$5,637,419 | 3.9\% | \$5,503,741 | 6.4\% | \$5,915,219 | (1.0\%) | \$5,493,297 | 6.6\% |
| OUTPATIENT REVENUE | 14,216,233 | 13,666,887 | 4.0\% | 12,927,320 | 10.0\% | 14,111,668 | 0.7\% | 13,961,672 | 1.8\% |
| RICE CARE CENTER REVENUE | 1,024,194 | 971,114 | 5.5\% | 958,762 | 6.8\% | 981,694 | 4.3\% | 972,884 | 5.3\% |
| RICE HOME MEDICAL REVENUE | 1,312,463 | 1,249,312 | 5.1\% | 1,222,192 | 7.4\% | 1,399,357 | (6.2\%) | 1,126,387 | 16.5\% |
| TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE | 22,410,604 | 21,524,732 | 4.1\% | 20,612,016 | 8.7\% | 22,407,939 | 0.0\% | 21,554,240 | 4.0\% |
| LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS | 12,172,511 | 11,268,482 | 8.0\% | 11,048,660 | 10.2\% | 11,769,420 | 3.4\% | 10,987,366 | 10.8\% |
| LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE | 59,587 | 54,104 | 10.1\% | 67,700 | (12.0\%) | 48,298 | 23.4\% | 46,313 | 28.7\% |
| LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE | 105,844 | 166,193 | (36.3\%) | 175,380 | (39.6\%) | 128,485 | (17.6\%) | 194,715 | (45.6\%) |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | 12,337,942 | 11,488,779 | 7.4\% | 11,291,740 | 9.3\% | 11,946,203 | 3.3\% | 11,228,394 | 9.9\% |
| NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS | 10,072,662 | 10,035,953 | 0.4\% | 9,320,276 | 8.1\% | 10,461,736 | (3.7\%) | 10,325,846 | (2.5\%) |
| OTHER OPERATNG REVENUE | 1,287,994 | 1,197,835 | 7.5\% | 909,465 | 41.6\% | 1,451,230 | (11.2\%) | 1,232,809 | 4.5\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 11,360,655 | 11,233,788 | 1.1\% | 10,229,741 | 11.1\% | 11,912,966 | (4.6\%) | 11,558,655 | (1.7\%) |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATIWG REVENUE | 2,732,802 | 2,740,369 | (0.3\%) | 2,456,758 | 11.2\% | 3,075,942 | (11.2\%) | 2,688,406 | 1.7\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 8,627,853 | 8,493,419 | 1.6\% | 7,772,983 | 11.0\% | 8,837,024 | (2.4\%) | 8,870,250 | (2.7\%) |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 4,231,212 | 4,111,723 | 2.9\% | 4,179,143 | 1.2\% | 4,103,713 | 3.1\% | 4,052,314 | 4.4\% |
| CONTRACT LABOR | 388,694 | 421,995 | (7.9\%) | 314,684 | 23.5\% | 527,835 | (26.4\%) | 423,468 | (8.2\%) |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 1,355,809 | 1,301,764 | 4.2\% | 1,313,748 | 3.2\% | 1,181,298 | 14.8\% | 1,410,245 | (3.9\%) |
| SUPPLIES | 1,268,904 | 1,078,410 | 17.7\% | 1,018,436 | 24.6\% | 1,283,022 | (1.1\%) | 933,773 | 35.9\% |
| DRUGS | 869,137 | 926,302 | (6.2\%) | 937,906 | (7.3\%) | 882,177 | (1.5\%) | 958,825 | (9.4\%) |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 804,929 | 737,152 | 9.2\% | 818,240 | (1.6\%) | 690,614 | 16.6\% | 702,601 | 14.6\% |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 272,624 | 301,671 | (9,6\%) | 296,326 | (8.0\%) | 354,725 | (23.1\%) | 253,962 | 7.3\% |
| UTILITIES | 151,807 | 175,595 | (13.5\%) | 179,486 | (15.4\%) | 173,057 | (12.3\%) | 174,242 | (12.9\%) |
| INSURANCE | 38,750 | 44,483 | (12.9\%) | 38,884 | (0.3\%) | 43,859 | (11.6\%) | 50,706 | (23.6\%) |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 26,789 | 21,511 | 24.5\% | 23,335 | 14.8\% | 22,886 | 17.1\% | 18,312 | 46.3\% |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 96,452 | 153,317 | (37.1\%) | 50,479 | 91.1\% | 296,180 | (67.4\%) | 113,292 | (14.9\%) |
| OTHER | 32,921 | 35,581 | (7.5\%) | 31,692 | 3.9\% | 42,057 | (21.7\%) | 32,995 | (0.2\%) |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORT | 624,182 | 613,026 | 1.8\% | 603,710 | 3.4\% | 616,789 | 1.2\% | 6!8,579 | 0.9\% |
| INTEREST | 136,449 | 136,805 | (0.3\%) | 136,723 | (0.2\%) | 136,660 | (0.2\%) | 137,031 | (0.4\%) |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 194,288 | 157,737 | 23.2\% | 125,489 | 54.8\% | 207,559 | (6.4\%) | 140,163 | 38.6\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 10,492,947 | 10,217,071 | 2.7\% | 10,068,280 | 4.2\% | 10,562,428 | (0.7\%) | 10,020,506 | 4.7\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | 1,669,417 | 1,708,004 | (2.3\%) | 1,617,182 | 3.2\% | 1,809,265 | (7.7\%) | 1,697,565 | (1.7\%) |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 8,823,530 | 8,509,067 | 3.7\% | 8,451,098 | 4.4\% | 8,753,163 | 0.8\% | 8,322,942 | 6.0\% |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (\$195,677) | $(\$ 15,649)$ | 1,150.5\% | (5678,115) | (71.1\%) | \$83,861 | (333.3\%) | \$547,308 | (135.8\%) |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 70,975 | 47,764 | 48.6\% | 71,137 | (0.2\%) | 65,676 | 8.1\% | 6,479 | 995.5\% |
| UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) | $(60,557)$ | 13,194 | (559.0\%) | $(158,793)$ | (61.9\%) | 114,533 | (152.9\%) | 83,842 | (172.2\%) |
| OTHER GAN (LOSS) | 2,000 | $(86,927)$ | (102.3\%) | 1,500 | 33.3\% | $(118,347)$ | (101.7\%) | $(143,934)$ | (101.4\%) |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | 12,418 | $(25,968)$ | (147.8\%) | $(86,155)$ | (114.4\%) | 61,862 | (79.9\%) | (53,613) | (123.2\%) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | $(183,259)$ | (41,617) | 340,3\% | $(764,270)$ | (76.0\%) | 145,724 | (225.8\%) | 493,695 | (137.1\%) |


| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPATIENT REVENUE | \$5,857,713 | \$5,637,419 | 3.9\% | \$5,503,741 | 6.4\% | 85,915,219 | (1.0\%) | \$5,493,297 | 6.6\% |
| OUTPATIENT REVENUE | 14,216,233 | 13,666,887 | 4.0\% | 12,927,320 | 10.0\% | 14,111,668 | 0.7\% | 13,961,672 | 1.8\% |
| TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE | 20,073,946 | 19,304,306 | 4.0\% | 18,431,061 | 8.9\% | 20,026,887 | 0.2\% | 19,454,969 | 3.2\% |
| LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS | 11,452,329 | 10,682,649 | 7.2\% | 10,436,207 | 9.7\% | 11,150,727 | 2.7\% | 10,461,014 | 9.5\% |
| LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE | 56,389 | 53,581 | 5.2\% | 67,258 | (16.2\%) | 47,859 | 17.8\% | 45,626 | 23.6\% |
| LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE | 105,893 | 140,433 | (24.6\%) | 136,233 | (22.3\%) | 111,428 | (5,0\%) | 173,639 | (39.0\%) |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | 11,614,611 | 10,876,664 | 6.8\% | 10,639,698 | 9.2\% | 11,310,014 | 2.7\% | 10,680,280 | 8.7\% |
| NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS | 8,459,335 | 8,427,642 | 0.4\% | 7,791,363 | 8.6\% | 8,716,873 | (3.0\%) | 8,774,690 | (3.6\%) |
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | 1,254,445 | 1,160,844 | 8.1\% | 885,541 | 41.7\% | 1,398,137 | (10.3\%) | 1,198,854 | 4.6\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 9,713,780 | 9,588,486 | 1.3\% | 8,676,905 | 11.9\% | 10,115,010 | (4.0\%) | 9,973,544 | (2.6\%) |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATING REVENUE | 2,732,802 | 2,740,369 | (0.3\%) | 2,456,758 | 11.2\% | 3,075,942 | (11.2\%) | 2,688,406 | 1.7\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 6,980,977 | 6,848,117 | 1.9\% | 6,220,146 | 12.2\% | 7,039,068 | (0.8\%) | 7,285,138 | (4.2\%) |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 3,700,102 | 3,597,799 | 2.8\% | 3,685,798 | 0.4\% | 3,554,532 | 4.1\% | 3,553,067 | 4.1\% |
| CONTRACT LABOR | 301,797 | 341,379 | (11.6\%) | 237,983 | 26,8\% | 445,734 | (32.3\%) | 340,420 | (11.3\%) |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 1,175,636 | 1,129,498 | 4.1\% | 1,132,442 | 3.8\% | 1,015,094 | 15.8\% | 1,240,956 | (5.3\%) |
| SUPPLIES | 811,315 | 675,535 | 20.1\% | 622,915 | 30.2\% | 832,911 | (2.6\%) | 570,780 | 42.1\% |
| DRUGS | 850,275 | 910,938 | (6.7\%) | 921,097 | (7.7\%) | 865,270 | (1.8\%) | 945,446 | (10.1\%) |
| PURCHASED SER VICES | 733,647 | 663,269 | 10.6\% | 747,339 | (1.8\%) | 612,747 | 19.7\% | 629,720 | 16.5\% |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 247,644 | 277,380 | (10.7\%) | 271,810 | (8.9\%) | 326,435 | (24.1\%) | 233,893 | 5.9\% |
| UTILITIES | 132,166 | 154,487 | (14.4\%) | 157,845 | (16.3\%) | 151,681 | (12.9\%) | 153,933 | (14.1\%) |
| INSURANCE | 32,035 | 37,620 | (14.8\%) | 32,169 | (0.4\%) | 37,373 | (14.3\%) | 43,316 | (26.0\%) |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 19,635 | 15,945 | 23.1\% | 17,279 | 13.6\% | 18,310 | 7.2\% | 12,247 | 60.3\% |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 85,963 | 146,039 | (41.1\%) | 42,663 | 101.5\% | 290,549 | (70.4\%) | 104,904 | (18.1\%) |
| OTHER | 26,825 | 22,918 | 17.0\% | 20,412 | 31.4\% | 28,096 | (4.5\%) | 20,246 | 32.5\% |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORT | 491,750 | 485,237 | 1.3\% | 478,712 | 2.7\% | 488,112 | 0.7\% | 488,888 | 0.6\% |
| INTEREST | 112,729 | 113,085 | (0.3\%) | 113,003 | (0.2\%) | 112,939 | (0.2\%) | 113,311 | (0.5\%) |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 169,999 | 132,505 | 28.3\% | 101,951 | 66.7\% | 181,480 | (6.3\%) | 114,085 | 49.0\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 8,891,518 | 8,703,632 | 2.2\% | 8,583,419 | 3.6\% | 8,962,264 | (0.8\%) | 8,565,213 | 3.8\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATNG EXPENSES | 1,669,417 | 1,708,004 | (2.3\%) | 1,617,182 | 3.2\% | 1,809,265 | (7.7\%) | 1,697,565 | (1.7\%) |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 7,222,101 | 6,995,628 | 3.2\% | 6,966,237 | 3.7\% | 7,152,999 | 1.0\% | 6,867,648 | 5.2\% |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (5241,124) | (\$147,511) | 63.5\% | (\$746,091) | (67.7\%) | $(\$ 113,931)$ | 111.6\% | 5417,490 | (157.8\%) |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 68,975 | 46,104 | 49.6\% | 70,156 | (1.7\%) | 63,576 | 8.3\% | 4,479 | 1,440.1\% |
| UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) | $(60,557)$ | 13,194 | (559.0\%) | $(158,793)$ | (61.9\%) | 114,533 | (152.9\%) | 83,842 | (172.2\%) |
| OTHER GATN (LOSS) | 2,000 | $(86,927)$ | (102.3\%) | 1,500 | 33.3\% | (118,347) | (101.7\%) | $(143,934)$ | (101.4\%) |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | 10,418 | $(27,629)$ | (137.7\%) | $(87,136)$ | (112,0\%) | 59,862 | (82.6\%) | $(55,613)$ | (118.7\%) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | (230,706) | $(175,139)$ | 31.7\% | $(833,227)$ | (72.3\%) | (54,068) | 326.7\% | 361,877 | (163.8\%) |

RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL \& WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES CURRENT MONTH COMPARISON

For Periods Ending October 31, 2017
operating revenue INPATIENT REVENUE OUTPATIENT REVENUE TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS

OTHER OPERATING REVENUE TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE

| OCTOBER 2017 |  |  | 3 MTH AVERAGE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RICE | WMS | TOTAL | RICE | \% VAR | WMS | \%VAR | TOTAL |
| \$5,150,651 | \$707,061 | \$5,857,713 | \$4,989,775 | 3.2\% | \$647,644 | 9.2\% | \$5,637,419 |
| 8,213,111 | 6,003,122 | 14,216,233 | 7,731,994 | 6.2\% | 5,934,893 | 1.1\% | 13,666,887 |
| 13,363,763 | 6,710,183 | 20,073,946 | 12,721,769 | 5.0\% | 6,582,536 | 1.9\% | 19,304,306 |
| 7,492,330 | 3,959,998 | 11,452,329 | 6,858,945 | 9.2\% | 3,823,704 | 3.6\% | 10,682,649 |
| 37,038 | 19,351 | 56,389 | 34,758 | 6.6\% | 18,823 | 2.8\% | 53,581 |
| 75,027 | 30,867 | 105,893 | 110,269 | (32.0\%) | 30,165 | 2.3\% | 140,433 |
| 7,604,395 | 4,010,216 | 11,614,611 | 7,003,972 | 8.6\% | 3,872,692 | 3.6\% | 10,876,664 |
| 5,759,368 | 2,699,967 | 8,459,335 | 5,717,797 | 0.7\% | 2,709,845 | (0.4\%) | 8,427,642 |
| 1,245,960 | 8,485 | 1,254,445 | 1,148,627 | 8.5\% | 12,217 | (30.5\%) | 1,160,844 |
| 7,005,328 | 2,708,452 | 9,713,780 | 6,866,424 | 2.0\% | 2,722,062 | (0.5\%) | 9,588,486 |

LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES
OPERATING REVENUE

- 2,732,802 2,732,802


| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 3,384,504 | 315,598 | 3,700,102 | 3,282,201 | 3.1\% | 315,598 | - | 3,597,799 |
| CONTRACT LABOR | 84,988 | 216,809 | 301,797 | 135,291 | (37.2\%) | 206,088 | 5.2\% | 341,379 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 1,070,889 | 104,747 | 1,175,636 | 1,024,751 | 4.5\% | 104,747 |  | 1,129,498 |
| SUPPLIES | 737,714 | 73,601 | 811,315 | 623,959 | 18.2\% | 51,576 | 42.7\% | 675,535 |
| DRUGS | 159,580 | 690,695 | 850,275 | 186,045 | (14.2\%) | 724,893 | (4.7\%) | 910,938 |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 563,030 | 170,616 | 733,647 | 461,438 | 22.0\% | 201,830 | (15.5\%) | 663,269 |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 209,825 | 37,818 | 247,644 | 231,088 | (9.2\%) | 46,291 | (18,3\%) | 277,380 |
| UTILITIES | 132,033 | 133 | 132,166 | 154,356 | (14.5\%) | 131 | 1.9\% | 154,487 |
| INSURANCE | 31,693 | 342 | 32,035 | 37,278 | (15.0\%) | 342 | - | 37,620 |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 18,570 | 1,065 | 19,635 | 15,454 | 20,2\% | 491 | 116.9\% | 15,945 |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 79,297 | 6,666 | 85,963 | 134,477 | (41.0\%) | 11,561 | (42.3\%) | 146,039 |
| OTHER | 21,519 | 5,307 | 26,825 | 17,809 | 20.8\% | 5,109 | 3.9\% | 22,918 |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORT | 472,043 | 19,706 | 491,750 | 465,496 | 1.4\% | 19,741 | (0.2\%) | 485,237 |
| INTEREST | 111,884 | 845 | 112,729 | 112,180 | (0.3\%) | 905 | (6.6\%) | 113,085 |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 168,883 | 1,117 | 169,999 | 132,112 | 27.8\% | 394 | 183.8\% | 132,505 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 7,246,452 | 1,645,066 | 8,891,518 | 7,013,935 | 3.3\% | 1,689,697 | (2.6\%) | 8,703,632 |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES OPERATING EXPENSES | LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 7,246,452 | $(24,350)$ | 7,222,101 | 7,013,935 | 3.3\% | $(18,307)$ | 33.0\% | 6,995,628 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (\$241,124) | - | (\$241,124) | (\$147,511) | 63.5\% | - | * | (\$147,511) |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 68,975 | - | 68,975 | 46,104 | 49.6\% | - | - | 46,104 |
| UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) | $(60,557)$ | - | $(60,557)$ | 13,194 | (559.0\%) | - |  | 13,194 |
| OTHER GAIN (LOSS) | 2,000 | - | 2,000 | $(86,927)$ | (102.3\%) | - | - | $(86,927)$ |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | 10,418 | - | 10,418 | $(27,629)$ | (137.7\%) | * | - | $(27,629)$ |
|  |  |  | 70329306 | 5(1956439) |  |  |  | 41469391 |

> RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL RICE CARE CENTER
> For The Month Ending October 31,2017

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ \hline 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | PRIOR 3 MO AVERAGE | \% VAR | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { SEPTEMGER } \\ 20}}_{2017}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { AUGUST } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JULY } \\ & 2017 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \% VAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RICE CARE CENTER REVENUE | \$1,024,194 | \$971,114 | 5.5\% | \$958,762 | 6.8\% | \$981,694 | 4.3\% | \$972,884 | 5.3\% |
| TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE | 1,024,194 | 971,114 | 5.5\% | 958,762 | 6.8\% | 981,694 | 4.3\% | 972,884 | 5,3\% |
| LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS | 218,000 | 178,526 | 22.1\% | 209,052 | 4,3\% | 185,648 | 17.4\% | 140,878 | 54.7\% |
| LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE | 2,479 | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE | $(3,119)$ | 10,944 | (128.5\%) | 9,563 | (132.6\%) | 9,100 | (134.3\%) | 14,169 | (122.0\%) |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | 217,360 | 189,470 | 14.7\% | 218,615 | (0.6\%) | 194,748 | 11.6\% | 155,047 | 40.2\% |
| NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS | 806,834 | 781,644 | 3.2\% | 740,148 | 9.0\% | 786,947 | 2.5\% | 817,837 | (1.3\%) |
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | 1,641 | 1,120 | 46.6\% | 1,077 | 52.3\% | 1,212 | 35.4\% | 1,070 | 53.4\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 808,476 | 782,763 | 3.3\% | 741,225 | 9.1\% | 788,158 | 2.6\% | 818,907 | (1.3\%) |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 808,476 | 782,763 | 3,3\% | 741,225 | 9.1\% | 788,158 | 2.6\% | 818,907 | (1.3\%) |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 306,415 | 304,399 | 0.7\% | 287,265 | 6.7\% | 334,022 | (8.3\%) | 291,909 | 5.0\% |
| CONTRACT LABOR | 86,897 | 80,617 | 7.8\% | 76,701 | 13.3\% | 82,101 | 5,8\% | 83,048 | 4.6\% |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 108,338 | 94,421 | 14.7\% | 93,063 | 16.4\% | 96,715 | 12.0\% | 93,486 | 15.9\% |
| SUPPLIES | 38,618 | 38,679 | (0.2\%) | 39,795 | (3.0\%) | 39,281 | (1.7\%) | 36,962 | 4.5\% |
| DRUGS | 18,862 | 15,365 | 22.8\% | 16,809 | 12.2\% | 15,907 | 18.6\% | 13,379 | 41.0\% |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 12,137 | 13,015 | (6.7\%) | 13,164 | (7.8\%) | 12,814 | (5.3\%) | 13,068 | (7.1\%) |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 5,791 | 8,299 | (30.2\%) | 8,586 | (32.5\%) | 13,353 | (56.6\%) | 2,958 | 95.8\% |
| UTLLITES | 10,671 | 12,694 | (15.9\%) | 14,028 | (23.9\%) | 12,428 | (14.1\%) | 11,627 | (8.2\%) |
| InSURANCE | 2,333 | 2,595 | (10.1\%) | 2,333 | 0.0\% | 2,333 | 0.0\% | 3,120 | (25.2\%) |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 406 | 583 | (30.4\%) | 1,042 | (61.1\%) | 439 | (7.7\%) | 267 | 52.0\% |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 8,614 | 4,455 | 93.4\% | 5,201 | 65.6\% | 4,890 | 76.2\% | 3,275 | 163.1\% |
| OTHER | 197 | 97 | 103.6\% | 13 | 1.423.5\% | 248 | (20.3\%) | 30 | 552.0\% |
| DEPRECLATION AND AMORT | 61,728 | 61,089 | 1.0\% | 59,753 | 3.3\% | 61,746 | 0.0\% | 61,769 | (0.1\%) |
| INTEREST | 23,720 | 23,720 | 0.0\% | 23,720 | 0.0\% | 23,720 | 0.0\% | 23,720 | 0.0\% |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 19,048 | 19,991 | (4.7\%) | 18,298 | 4.1\% | 20,838 | (8.6\%) | 20,838 | (8.6\%) |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 703,775 | 680,021 | 3.5\% | 659,770 | 6.7\% | 720,836 | (2.4\%) | 659,455 | 6.7\% |
| Less: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 703,775 | 680,021 | 3.5\% | 659,770 | 6.7\% | 720,836 | (2.4\%) | 659,455 | 6.7\% |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$104,701 | S102,743 | 1.9\% | \$81,454 | 28.5\% | 567,323 | 55.5\% | \$159,451 | (34.3\%) |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 2,000 | 1,660 | 20.5\% | 981 | 103.9\% | 2,000 | 0.0\% | 2,000 | 0.0\% |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | 2,000 | 1,660 | 20.5\% | 981 | 103.9\% | 2,000 | 0.0\% | 2,000 | 0.0\% |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | 106,701 | 104,403 | 2.2\% | 82,436 | 29.4\% | 69,323 | 53.9\% | 161,451 | (33.9\%) |

RICE HOME MEDICAL
RICE HOME MEDICAL
For the Month Ending October 31, 2017

| October 2017 | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { of } \\ \text { Gross Sales } \end{gathered}$ | Prior 3 Mo Average | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% of } \\ & \text { Gross Sales } \end{aligned}$ | September <br> 2017 | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { of } \\ \text { Gross Sales } \end{gathered}$ | August <br> 2017 | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { of } \\ \text { Gross Sales } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

GROSS SALES
SALES REVENUE RENTS REVENUE miscrevenue
GROSS SALES
LESS: CONTRACTUAL ALLOWANCES
LESS: UNCOMPENSATED CARE
LESS: BAD DEBT EXPENSE
NET SALES
COST OF GOODS SOLD
OXYGEN
EQUIPMENT
SUPPLY - FREIGHT
SUPPLY
EQUPMENT REPAIR
SHOP EXPENSE
EQUIPMENT RENTAL \& LEASES
PURCHASE DISCOUNTS
TOTAL COST OF GOODS SOLD
GROSS PROFIT
OTHER OPERATING REYENUE
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE
OPERATING EXPENSES
SALARIES \& WAGES
SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS
SUPPLIES AND DRUGS
PURCHASED SERVICES
REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS
UTILITIES
INSURANCE
PATIENTRELATED TRAVEL
EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES
OTHER EXPENSE
DEPRECIATION \& AMORTIZATION
TAXES
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)
INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)

NET INCOME (LOSS)

| 50 | 0.00\% | 1,654 | 0.13\% | - | 0.00\% | 4,961 | 0.35\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,312,513 | 100.00\% | 1,250,966 | 100.00\% | 1,222,192 | 100.00\% | 1,404,318 | 100.00\% |
| $(502,182)$ | (38.26\%) | $(407,306)$ | (32.56\%) | $(403,401)$ | (33,01\%) | (433,045) | (30.84\%) |
| (719) | (0.05\%) | (523) | (0.04\%) | (443) | (0.04\%) | (439) | (0.03\%) |
| $(3,070)$ | (0.23\%) | (14,816) | (1.18\%) | (29,584) | (2.42\%) | $(7,957)$ | (0.57\%) |
| 806,542 | 61.45\% | 828,321 | 66.21\% | 788,766 | 64.54\% | 962,877 | 68.57\% |
| 2,953 | 0.22\% | 4,184 | 0.33\% | 4,746 | 0.39\% | 3,442 | 0.25\% |
| 78,462 | 5.98\% | 51,999 | 4.16\% | 52,472 | 4.29\% | 57,369 | 4.09\% |
| 18,153 | 1.38\% | 17,531 | 1.40\% | 16,070 | 1.31\% | 19,898 | 1.42\% |
| 276,334 | 21.05\% | 260,093 | 20.79\% | 261,508 | 21.40\% | 294,694 | 20.98\% |
| 31,793 | 2.42\% | 19,735 | 1.58\% | 11,941 | 0.98\% | 24,605 | 1.75\% |
| 2,814 | 0.21\% | 4,213 | 0.34\% | 2,839 | 0.23\% | 3,673 | 0.26\% |
| 2,775 | 0.21\% | 2,432 | 0.19\% | 2,050 | 0.17\% | 2,196 | 0.16\% |
| $(15,049)$ | (1.15\%) | $(17,908)$ | (1.43\%) | $(3,654)$ | (0.30\%) | $(33,095)$ | (2.36\%) |
| 398,236 | 30.34\% | 342,279 | 27.36\% | 347,972 | 28.47\% | 372,782 | 26.55\% |
| 408,306 | 31.11\% | 486,042 | 38.85\% | 440,794 | 36.07\% | 590,096 | 42.02\% |
| 11,827 | 0.90\% | 11,273 | 0.90\% | 11,580 | 0.95\% | 11,081 | 0.79\% |
| 420,133 | 32.01\% | 497,315 | 39.75\% | 452,374 | 37.01\% | 601,176 | 42.81\% |
| 224,695 | 17.12\% | 209,525 | 16.75\% | 206,080 | 16.86\% | 215,158 | 15.32\% |
| 71,834 | 5.47\% | 77,845 | 6.22\% | 88,243 | 7.22\% | 69,488 | 4.95\% |
| 5,688 | 0.43\% | 4,009 | 0.32\% | 4,100 | 0.34\% | 4,954 | 0.35\% |
| 59,145 | 4.51\% | 60,867 | 4.87\% | 57,737 | 4.72\% | 65,053 | 4.63\% |
| 19,189 | 1.46\% | 15,992 | 1.28\% | 15,930 | 1.30\% | 14,938 | 1.06\% |
| 8,971 | 0.68\% | 8,414 | 0.67\% | 7,613 | 0.62\% | 8,948 | 0.64\% |
| 4,382 | 0.33\% | 4,268 | 0.34\% | 4,382 | 0.36\% | 4,152 | 0.30\% |
| 6,748 | 0.51\% | 4,983 | 0.40\% | 5,014 | 0.41\% | 4,136 | 0.29\% |
| 1,875 | 0.14\% | 2,823 | 0.23\% | 2,615 | 0.21\% | 740 | 0.05\% |
| 5,898 | 0.45\% | 12,566 | 1.00\% | 11.267 | 0.92\% | 13,713 | 0.98\% |
| 70,705 | 5.39\% | 66,699 | 5.33\% | 65,244 | 5.34\% | 68,931 | 4.77\% |
| 5,241 | 0.40\% | 5,241 | 0.42\% | S,241 | 0.43\% | 5,241 | 0.37\% |
| 484,369 | 36.90\% | 473,232 | 37.83\% | 473,464 | 38.74\% | 473,452 | 33.71\% |
| $(64,236)$ | (4.89\%) | 24,083 | 1.93\% | $(21,091)$ | (1.73\%) | 127,724 | 9.10\% |
| 4,982 | 0.38\% | 5,036 | 0.40\% | 7,612 | 0.62\% | 2,745 | 0.20\% |
| $(\$ 59,254)$ | (4.51\%) | \$29,119 | 2.33\% | (\$13,478) | (1.10\%) | \$130,469 | 9.29\% |


|  | RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL CONSOLIDATED <br> For the Year to Date October 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2016 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2015 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2014 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR |
| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INPATIENT REVENUE | \$59,787,871 | \$55,350,762 | 8.0\% | \$53,801,950 | 11.1\% | \$53,127,056 | 12.5\% |
| OUTPATIENT REVENUE | 136,071,900 | 125,699,535 | 8.3\% | 118,087,953 | 15.2\% | 103,943,139 | 30.9\% |
| RICE CARE CENTER REVENUE | 9,922,751 | 9,873,940 | 0.5\% | 10,081,126 | (1.6\%) | 9,115,721 | 8.9\% |
| RICE HOME MEDICAL REVENUE | 12,595,668 | 11,613,919 | 8.5\% | 11,247,462 | 12.0\% | 10,776,272 | 16.9\% |
| TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE | 218,378,191 | 202,538,156 | 7.8\% | 193,218,491 | 13.0\% | 176,962,188 | 23.4\% |
| LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS | 114,030,184 | 102,415,921 | 11.3\% | 101,059,734 | 12.8\% | 91,340,718 | 24.8\% |
| LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE | 625,307 | 687,421 | (9.0\%) | 1,037,978 | (39.8\%) | 951,251 | (34.3\%) |
| LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE | 1,082,131 | 912,854 | 18.5\% | 1,169,157 | (7.4\%) | 1,967,158 | (45.0\%) |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | 115,737,622 | 104,016,196 | 11.3\% | 103,266,869 | 12.1\% | 94,259,126 | 22.8\% |
| NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS | 102,640,569 | 98,521,960 | 4.2\% | 89,951,622 | 14.1\% | 82,703,062 | 24.1\% |
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | 13,165,363 | 13,808,522 | (4.7\%) | 12,681,758 | 3.8\% | 12,117,000 | 8.7\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 115,805,932 | 112,330,483 | 3.1\% | 102,633,380 | 12.8\% | 94,820,061 | 22.1\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATING REVENUE | 27,080,001 | 23,106,021 | 17.2\% | 22,072,298 | 22.7\% | 20,214,084 | 34.0\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 88,725,931 | 89,224,462 | (0.6\%) | 80,561,082 | 10.1\% | 74,605,977 | 18.9\% |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 41,262,962 | 40,427,439 | 2.1\% | 38,535,656 | 7.1\% | 37,866,783 | 9.0\% |
| CONTRACT LABOR | 4,460,987 | 4,142,746 | 7.7\% | 3,212,110 | 38.9\% | 3,570,262 | 24.9\% |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 13,509,546 | 13,186,375 | 2.5\% | 10,972,146 | 23.1\% | 11,494,384 | 17.5\% |
| SUPPLIES | 11,963,362 | 11,134,507 | 7.4\% | 9,982,014 | 19.8\% | 9,805,382 | 22.0\% |
| DRUGS | 9,389,028 | 7,313,732 | 28.4\% | 6,367,225 | 47.5\% | 4,769,272 | 96.9\% |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 7,267,027 | 6,795,125 | 6.9\% | 6,516,822 | 11.5\% | 6,026,704 | 20.6\% |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 2,908,293 | 3,204,532 | (9.2\%) | 2,894,159 | 0.5\% | 2,753,266 | 5.6\% |
| UTILITIES | 1,530,911 | 1,491,499 | 2.6\% | 1,476,167 | 3.7\% | 1,470,809 | 4.1\% |
| INSURANCE | 470,058 | 522,785 | (10.1\%) | 505,830 | (7.1\%) | 588,853 | (20.2\%) |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 244,143 | 242,113 | 0.8\% | 266,044 | (8.2\%) | 335,854 | (27.3\%) |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 1,304,403 | 988,301 | 32.0\% | 867,014 | 50.4\% | 740,377 | $76.2 \%$ |
| OTHER | 390,449 | 369,960 | 5.5\% | 345,777 | 12.9\% | 371,608 | 5.1\% |
| DEPRECIATION AND AMORT | 6,137,557 | 7,007,708 | (12.4\%) | 6,992,022 | (12.2\%) | 7,310,718 | (16.0\%) |
| INTEREST | 1,362,551 | 1,408,209 | (3.2\%) | 1,464,461 | (7.0\%) | 1,521,374 | (10.4\%) |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 1,818,351 | 1,781,430 | 2.1\% | 1,733,348 | 4.9\% | 1,894,378 | (4.0\%) |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 104,019,629 | 100,016,461 | 4.0\% | 92,130,797 | 12.9\% | 90,520,022 | 14.9\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OPERATNG EXPENSES | 17,070,577 | 14,806,086 | 15,3\% | 14,095,158 | 21.1\% | 12,480,356 | 36.8\% |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 86,949,051 | 85,210,375 | 2.0\% | 78,035,639 | 11.4\% | 78,039,666 | 11.4\% |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,776,880 | \$4,014,087 | (55.7\%) | \$2,525,443 | (29.6\%) | (\$3,433,689) | (151.7\%) |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 541,179 | 570,057 | (5.1\%) | 584,387 | (7.4\%) | 603,443 | (10.3\%) |
| UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) | 14,404 | 254,873 | (94.3\%) | 60,409 | (76.2\%) | 521,836 | (97.2\%) |
| OTHER GAIN (LOSS) | $(585,148)$ | $(149,675)$ | 290.9\% | 253,476 | (330.8\%) | (26,707) | 2,091.0\% |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | $(29,565)$ | 675,255 | (104.4\%) | 898,272 | (103.3\%) | 1,098,571 | (102.7\%) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | 1,747,315 | 4,689,342 | (62.7\%) | 3,423,715 | (49.0\%) | $(2,335,118)$ | (174.8\%) |

OPERATING REVENUE INPATIENT REVENUE OUTPATIENTREVENUE
TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE
LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS
LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE
LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE
NET REYENUE FROM PATIENTS

OTHER OPERATING REVENUE
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE
LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES OPERATING REVENUE
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE
OPERATING EXPENSES
SALARIES AND WAGES
CONTRACT LABOR
SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS
SUPPLIES
DRUGS
PURCHASED SERVICES
REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS
UTILITIES
INSURANCE
PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL
EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES
OTHER
DEPRECIATION AND AMORT
interest
TAXES \& SURCHARGE
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES
LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES
OPERATING EXPENSES
NET OPERATING EXPENSES
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)
NON OPERATING INCOME
INVESTMENT INCOME
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)
OTHER GAIN (LOSS)
TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME
NET INCOME (LOSS)

RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL For the Year to Date October 31, 2017

| $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2016 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2015 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$59,787,871 | \$55,350,762 | 8.0\% | \$53,801,950 | 11.1\% | \$53,127,056 | 12.5\% |
| 136,071,900 | 125,699,535 | 8.3\% | 118,087,953 | 15.2\% | 103,943,139 | 30.9\% |
| 195,859,771 | 181,050,297 | 8.2\% | 171,889,902 | 13.9\% | 157,070,195 | 24.7\% |
| 107,790,855 | 95,513,796 | 12.9\% | 95,201,105 | 13.2\% | 85,509,202 | 26.1\% |
| 616,509 | 680,964 | (9.5\%) | 1,022,910 | (39.7\%) | 946,985 | (34.9\%) |
| 963,087 | 778,891 | 23.6\% | 1,097,769 | (12.3\%) | 1,884,408 | (48.9\%) |
| 109,370,451 | 96,973,651 | 12.8\% | 97,321,784 | 12.4\% | 88,340,596 | 23.8\% |
| 86,489,321 | 84,076,646 | 2.9\% | 74,568,118 | 16.0\% | 68,729,599 | 25.8\% |
| 12,895,777 | 13,648,295 | (5.5\%) | 12,547,494 | 2.8\% | 12,046,710 | 7.0\% |
| 99,385,098 | 97,724,941 | 1.7\% | 87,115,612 | 14.1\% | 80,776,309 | 23.0\% |
| 27,080,001 | 23,106,021 | 17.2\% | 22,072,298 | 22.7\% | 20,214,084 | 34.0\% |
| 72,305,097 | 74,618,920 | (3.1\%) | 65,043,315 | 11.2\% | 60,562,225 | 19.4\% |
| 36,079,041 | 35,179,740 | 2.6\% | 33,609,824 | 7.3\% | 33,109,742 | 9.0\% |
| 3,613,402 | 3,233,390 | 11.8\% | 2,179,269 | 65.8\% | 2,616,239 | 38.1\% |
| 11,728,753 | 11,386,072 | 3.0\% | 9,196,297 | 27.5\% | 9,698,106 | 20.9\% |
| 7,736,619 | 7,274,067 | 6.4\% | 6,292,066 | 23.0\% | 6,082,034 | 27.2\% |
| 9,214,542 | 7,098,567 | 29.8\% | 6,123,510 | 50.5\% | 4,586,779 | 100.9\% |
| 6,620,319 | 6,279,956 | 5.4\% | 6,076,364 | 9.0\% | 5,615,315 | 17.9\% |
| 2,686,531 | 2,946,098 | (8.8\%) | 2,631,791 | 2.1\% | 2,506,445 | 7.2\% |
| 1,323,844 | 1,285,668 | 3.0\% | 1,262,346 | 4.9\% | 1,239,272 | 6.8\% |
| 398,503 | 449,437 | (11.3\%) | 431,332 | (7.6\%) | 510,231 | (21.9\%) |
| 174,367 | 166,627 | 4.6\% | 187,624 | (7.1\%) | 213,466 | (18.3\%) |
| 1,227,192 | 925,184 | 32.6\% | 797,367 | 53.9\% | 673,090 | 82.3\% |
| 252,336 | 271,606 | (7.1\%) | 191,107 | 32.0\% | 222,115 | 13.6\% |
| 4,834,727 | 5,600,500 | (13.7\%) | 5,583,341 | (13.4\%) | 5,946,804 | (18.7\%) |
| 1,125,349 | 1,157,326 | (2.8\%) | 1,200,378 | (6.3\%) | 1,243,659 | (9.5\%) |
| 1,576,311 | 1,520,204 | 3.7\% | 1,328,811 | 18.6\% | 1,496,862 | 5.3\% |
| 88,591,837 | 84,774,442 | 4.5\% | 77,091,427 | 14.9\% | 75,760,161 | 16.9\% |
| 17,070,577 | 14,806,086 | 15.3\% | 14,095,158 | 21.1\% | 12,480,356 | 36.8\% |
| 71,521,260 | 69,968,356 | 2.2\% | 62,996,269 | 13.5\% | 63,279,804 | 13.0\% |
| \$783,837 | \$4,650,564 | (83.1\%) | \$2,047,046 | (61.7\%) | (\$2,717,579) | (128.8\%) |
| 527,170 | 546,703 | (3.6\%) | 574,741 | (8.3\%) | 593,643 | (11.2\%) |
| 14,404 | 254,873 | (94.3\%) | 60,409 | (76.2\%) | 521,836 | (97.2\%) |
| $(590,970)$ | (149,675) | 294.8\% | 245,730 | (340.5\%) | $(44,143)$ | 1,238.8\% |
| (49,397) | 651,901 | (107.6\%) | 880,879 | (105.6\%) | 1,071,335 | (104.6\%) |
| 734,441 | 5,302,465 | (86.1\%) | 2,927,925 | (74.9\%) | $(1,646,244)$ | (144.6\%) |

RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL \& WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES
YEAR TO DATE COMPARISON
For Periods Ending October 31, 2017
operating revenue INPATIENT REVENUE oUTPATIENT REVENUE TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE

LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRAGTUALS LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS

OTHER OPERATING REVENUE
total operating revenue
LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES OPERATING REVENUE

OPERATING EXPENSES
SALARIES AND WAGES
CONTRACT LABOR
SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS
SUPPLIES
DRUGS
PURCHASED SERVICES
REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS
UTILITIES
insurance
PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL
EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES OTHER
DEPRECIATION AND AMORT
INTEREST
TAXES \& SURCHARGE
total operating expenses
LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES OPERATING EXPENSES
NET OPERATING EXPENSES
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)
NON OPERATING INCOME
INVESTMENT INCOME
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) OTHER GAIN (LOSS)
TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME


| OCTOBER 2017 |  |  | OCTOBER 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RICE | WMS | TOTAL | RICE | \% VAR | WMS | \% VAR | TOTAL |
| \$53,361,926 | \$6,425,945 | \$59,787,871 | \$49,769,859 | 7.2\% | \$5,580,903 | 15.1\% | \$55,350,762 |
| 76,717,200 | 59,354,700 | 136,071,900 | 74,686,625 | 2.7\% | 51,012,910 | 16.4\% | 125,699,535 |
| 130,079,126 | 65,780,645 | 195,859,771 | 124,456,484 | 4.5\% | 56,593,813 | 16.2\% | 181,050,297 |
| 69,270,325 | 38,520,530 | 107,790,855 | 62,236,526 | 11.3\% | 33,277,269 | 15.8\% | 95,513,796 |
| 428,359 | 188,149 | 616,509 | 333,945 | 28.3\% | 347,019 | (45.8\%) | 680,964 |
| 661,735 | 301,351 | 963,087 | 424,809 | 55.8\% | 354,082 | (14.9\%) | 778,891 |
| 70,360,420 | 39,010,031 | 109,370,451 | 62,995,280 | 11.7\% | 33,978,371 | 14.8\% | 96,973,651 |
| 59,718,707 | 26,770,614 | 86,489,321 | 61,461,204 | (2.8\%) | 22,615,443 | 18.4\% | 84,076,646 |
| 12,749,219 | 146,558 | 12,895,777 | 13,504,283 | (5.6\%) | 144,011 | 1.8\% | 13,648,295 |
| 72,467,926 | 26,917,172 | 99,385,098 | 74,965,487 | (3.3\%) | 22,759,454 | 18.3\% | 97,724,941 |
|  | 27,080,001 | 27,080,001 | - | - | 23,106,021 | 17.2\% | 23,106,021 |


| 32,923,061 | 3,155,980 | 36,079,041 | 32,079,630 | 2.6\% | 3,100,111 | 1.8\% | 35,179,740 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,459,242 | 2,154,160 | 3,613,402 | 1,174,909 | 24.2\% | 2,058,481 | 4.6\% | 3,233,390 |
| 10,681,283 | 1,047,470 | 11,728,753 | 10,644,754 | 0.3\% | 741,318 | 41.3\% | 11,386,072 |
| 7,201,117 | 535,501 | 7,736,619 | 6,859,740 | 5.0\% | 414,328 | 29.2\% | 7,274,087 |
| 1,921,106 | 7,293,437 | 9,214,542 | 1,870,263 | 2.7\% | 5,228,304 | 39,5\% | 7,098,567 |
| 4,725,444 | 1,894,875 | 6,620,319 | 4,619,534 | 2.3\% | 1,660,422 | 14.1\% | 6,279,956 |
| 2,281,646 | 404,885 | 2,686,531 | 2,559,019 | (10.8\%) | 387,080 | 4.6\% | 2,946,098 |
| 1,322,467 | 1,378 | 1,323,844 | 1,283,808 | 3.0\% | 1,860 | (25.9\%) | 1,285,668 |
| 395,082 | 3,420 | 398,503 | 447,361 | (11.7\%) | 2,077 | 64.7\% | 449,437 |
| 167,417 | 6,950 | 174,367 | 158,973 | 5.3\% | 7,654 | (9.2\%) | 166,627 |
| 1,101,484 | 125,708 | 1,227,192 | 863,868 | 27.5\% | 61,317 | 105.0\% | 925,184 |
| 208,587 | 43,749 | 252,336 | 229,412 | (9.1\%) | 42,194 | 3.7\% | 271,606 |
| 4,606,827 | 227,899 | 4,834,727 | 4,859,854 | (5.2\%) | 740,646 | (69.2\%) | 5,600,500 |
| 1,115,520 | 9,829 | 1,125,349 | 1,143,950 | (2.5\%) | 13,376 | (26.5\%) | 1,157,326 |
| 1,573,805 | 2,506 | 1,576,311 | 1,519,852 | 3.5\% | 352 | 612,1\% | 1,520,204 |
| 71,684,088 | 16,907,749 | 88,591,837 | 70,314,923 | 1.9\% | 14,459,519 | 16.9\% | 84,774,442 |


| $\frac{-1,684,088}{\$ 783,837}$ | $\frac{17,070,577}{(162,828)}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| - | $\frac{17,070,577}{71,521,260}$ |
| $\$ 783,837$ | $\frac{-}{70,314,923}$ |
| $\$ 4,650,564$ |  |
| $\frac{1.9 \%}{(83.1 \%)}$ | $\frac{14,806,086}{(346,567)}$ |
| $\frac{15.3 \%}{(53.0 \%)}$ | $\frac{14,806,086}{69,968,356}$ |
| $\$ 4,650,564$ |  |



| RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL RICE CARE CENTER <br> For the Year to Date October 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2017 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2016 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2015 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCTOBER } \\ 2014 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% VAR |
| OPERATING REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RICE CARE CENTER REVENUE | \$9,922,751 | \$9,873,940 | 0.5\% | \$10,081,126 | (1.6\%) | \$9,115,721 | 8.9\% |
| TOTAL PATIENT REVENUE | 9,922,751 | 9,873,940 | 0.5\% | 10,081,126 | (1.6\%) | 9,115,721 | 8.9\% |
| LESS DISCOUNTS \& CONTRACTUALS | 1,817,467 | 2,978,037 | (39.0\%) | 2,555,259 | (28.9\%) | 2,579,124 | (29.5\%) |
| LESS UNCOMPENSATED CARE | 2,479 | 1,337 | 85.5\% | 14,132 | (82.5\%) | 0 | 0.0\% |
| LESS BAD DEBT EXPENSE | 41,036 | 99,681 | (58.8\%) | 18,446 | 122.5\% | 6,065 | 576.6\% |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | 1,860,982 | 3,079,055 | (39.6\%) | 2,587,838 | (28.1\%) | 2,585,190 | (28.0\%) |
| NET REVENUE FROM PATIENTS | 8,061,769 | 6,794,886 | 18.6\% | 7,493,289 | 7.6\% | 6,530,531 | $23.4 \%$ |
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | 10,921 | 9,550 | 14.3\% | 10,411 | 4.9\% | 4,223 | 158.6\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 8,072,690 | 6,804,436 | 18.6\% | 7,503,700 | 7.6\% | 6,534,754 | 23.5\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | $8,072,690$ | 6,804,436 | 18.6\% | 7,503,700 | 7.6\% | 6,534,754 | 23.5\% |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | 2,946,724 | 2,819,716 | 4.5\% | 2,589,572 | 13.8\% | 2,284,174 | 29.0\% |
| CONTRACTLABOR | 847,586 | 909,356 | (6.8\%) | 1,032,841 | (17.9\%) | 953,078 | (11.1\%) |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 1,003,875 | 984,828 | 1.9\% | 888,068 | 13.0\% | 858,406 | 16.9\% |
| SUPPLIES | 399,830 | 375,931 | 6.4\% | 400,618 | (0.2\%) | 410,267 | (2.5\%) |
| DRUGS | 174,486 | 215,165 | (18.9\%) | 243,066 | (28.2\%) | 181,884 | (4.1\%) |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 133,286 | 152,893 | (12.8\%) | 160,010 | (16.7\%) | 149,401 | (10.8\%) |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 64,081 | 82,760 | (22.6\%) | 73,983 | (13.4\%) | 49,468 | 29.5\% |
| UTILITIES | 118,320 | 111,196 | 6.4\% | 116,908 | 1.2\% | 121,316 | (2.5\%) |
| INSURANCE | 28,714 | 31,057 | (7.5\%) | 33,580 | (14.5\%) | 39,719 | (27.7\%) |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 4,428 | 2,470 | 79.3\% | 2,897 | 52.9\% | 4,018 | 10.2\% |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 51,444 | 38,738 | 32.8\% | 36,073 | 42.6\% | 41,778 | 23.1\% |
| OTHER | 3,834 | 2,314 | 65.7\% | 12,846 | (70.2\%) | 16,742 | (77.1\%) |
| DEPRECLATION AND AMORT | 605,399 | 610,441 | (0.8\%) | 609,746 | (0.7\%) | 433,794 | 39.6\% |
| INTEREST | 237,201 | 250,883 | (5.5\%) | 264,084 | (10.2\%) | 277,714 | (14.6\%) |
| TAXES \& SURCHARGE | 189,556 | 209,372 | (9.5\%) | 350,001 | (45.8\%) | 360,331 | (47.4\%) |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 6,808,765 | 6,797,120 | 0.2\% | 6,814,293 | (0.1\%) | 6,182,091 | 10.1\% |
| LESS: WILLMAR MEDICAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NET OPERATING EXPENSES | 6,808,765 | 6,797,120 | 0.2\% | 6,814,293 | (0.1\%) | 6,182,091 | 10.1\% |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,263,925 | \$7,3161 | 7,177.2\% | \$689,407 | 83.3\% | \$352,663 | 258.4\% |
| NON OPERATING INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INVESTMENT INCOME | 14,009 | 24,252 | (42.2\%) | 9,700 | 44.4\% | 9,800 | 42.9\% |
| TOTAL NON OPERATING INCOME | 14,009 | 24,252 | (42.2\%) | 9,700 | 44.4\% | 9,800 | 42.9\% |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | 1,277,934 | 31,568 | 3,948.2\% | 699,107 | 82.8\% | 362,463 | 252.6\% |



| GROSS SALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SALES REVENUE | \$8,534,195 | 67.72\% | \$7,545,196 | 64.97\% | \$6,892,251 | 61.27\% | \$6,468,967 | 59.97\% |
| RENTS REVENUE | 4,061,473 | 32.23\% | 4,068,722 | 35.03\% | 4,355,211 | 38.72\% | 4,307,304 | 39.93\% |
| misc revenue | 5,762 | 0.05\% | 73 | 0.00\% | 764 | 0.01\% | 11,028 | 0.10\% |
| GROSS SALES | 12,601,430 | 100.00\% | 11,613,992 | 100.00\% | 11,248,227 | 100.00\% | 10,787,300 | 100.00\% |
| LESS: CONTRACTUAL ALLOWANCES | $(4,421,862)$ | (35.09\%) | $(3,924,088)$ | (33.79\%) | $(3,303,370)$ | (29.37\%) | $(3,252,391)$ | (30.15\%) |
| LESS: UNCOMPENSATED CARE | $(6,319)$ | (0.05\%) | $(5,121)$ | (0.04\%) | (936) | (0.01\%) | $(4,266)$ | (0.04\%) |
| LESS: BAD DEBT EXPENSE | $(78,008)$ | (0.62\%) | $(34,282)$ | (0.30\%) | (52,941) | (0.47\%) | $(76,684)$ | (0.71\%) |
| NET SALES | 8,095,240 | 64.24\% | 7,650,502 | 65.87\% | 7,890,980 | 70.15\% | 7,453,959 | 69.10\% |
| COST OF GOODS SOLD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OXYGEN | 41,768 | 0.33\% | 57,858 | 0.50\% | 69,490 | 0.62\% | 66,428 | 0.62\% |
| EQUIPMENT | 567,655 | 4.50\% | 537,858 | 4.63\% | 619,248 | 5.51\% | 820,844 | 7.61\% |
| SUPPLY - FREIGHT | 173,354 | 1.38\% | 147,197 | 1.27\% | 134,980 | 1.20\% | [22,202 | 1.13\% |
| SUPPLY | 2,708,149 | 21.49\% | 2,398,316 | 20.65\% | 2,114,197 | 18.80\% | 1,922,612 | 17.82\% |
| EQUIPMENT REPAIR | 198,992 | 1.58\% | 207,302 | 1.78\% | 221,702 | 1.97\% | 260,609 | 2.42\% |
| SHOP EXPENSE | 55,088 | 0.44\% | 41,350 | 0.36\% | 14,848 | 0.13\% | 32,454 | 0.30\% |
| EQUIPMENT RENTAL \& LEASES | 33,094 | 0.26\% | 34,047 | 0.29\% | 34,998 | 0.31\% | 15,151 | 0.14\% |
| PURCHASE DISCOUNTS | (119,846) | (0.95\%) | $(73,749)$ | (0.64\%) | (67,916) | (0.60\%) | $(76,613)$ | (0.71\%) |
| TOTAL COST OF GOODS SOLD | 3,658,255 | 29.03\% | 3,350,180 | 28.85\% | 3,141,548 | 27.93\% | 3,163,688 | 29.33\% |
| GROSS PROFIT | 4,436,985 | 35.21\% | 4,300,321 | 37.03\% | 4,749,432 | 42.22\% | 4,290,272 | 39.77\% |
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | 108,522 | 0.86\% | 93,581 | 0.81\% | 90,281 | 0.80\% | 50,612 | 0.47\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 4,545,507 | 36.07\% | 4,393,902 | 37.83\% | 4,839,712 | 43.03\% | 4,340,884 | 40.24\% |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SALARIES \& WAGES | 2,237,197 | 17.75\% | 2,427,982 | 20.91\% | 2,336,260 | 20.77\% | 2,472,866 | 22.92\% |
| CONTRACTLABOR | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 945 | 0.01\% |
| SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS | 776,918 | 6.17\% | 815,476 | 7.02\% | 887,781 | 7.89\% | 937,871 | 8.69\% |
| SUPPLIES AND DRUGS | 48,812 | 0.39\% | 60,579 | 0.52\% | 80,515 | 0.72\% | 73,389 | 0.68\% |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | 513,422 | 4.07\% | 362,276 | 3.12\% | 280,448 | 2.49\% | 261,988 | 2.43\% |
| REPAIRS, SERVICE \& RENTALS | 157,681 | 1.25\% | 175,674 | 1.51\% | 188,384 | 1.67\% | 197,353 | 1.83\% |
| UTLLITIES | 88,747 | 0.70\% | 94,636 | 0.81\% | 96,913 | 0.86\% | 110,220 | 1.02\% |
| INSURANCE | 42,841 | 0.34\% | 42,290 | 0.36\% | 40,918 | 0.36\% | 38,902 | 0.36\% |
| PATIENT RELATED TRAVEL | 65,347 | 0.52\% | 73,015 | 0.63\% | 75,524 | 0.67\% | 118,370 | 1.10\% |
| EDUCATION, TRAVEL, \& DUES | 25,768 | 0.20\% | 24,378 | 0.21\% | 33,574 | 0.30\% | 25,508 | 0.24\% |
| OTHER EXPENSE | 134,278 | 1.07\% | 96,040 | 0.83\% | 141,824 | 1.26\% | 132,750 | 1.23\% |
| DEPRECIATION \& AMORTIZATION | 697,431 | 5.53\% | 796,767 | 6.86\% | 798,935 | 7.10\% | 930,120 | 8.62\% |
| taxes | 52,484 | 0.42\% | 51,854 | 0.45\% | 54,536 | 0.48\% | 37,185 | 0.34\% |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 4,840,925 | 38.42\% | 5,020,969 | 43,23\% | 5,015,613 | 44.59\% | 5,337,469 | 49.48\% |
| NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | $(295,418)$ | (2.34\%) | $(627,067)$ | (5.40\%) | $(175,901)$ | (1.56\%) | $(996,585)$ | (9.24\%) |
| INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS) | 24,536 | 0.19\% | $(16,726)$ | (0.14\%) | $(35,108)$ | (0.31\%) | (72,187) | (0.67\%) |
| OTHER GAIN (LOSS) | 5,823 | 0,05\% | (898) | (0,01\%) | 7,693 | 0.07\% | 17,435 | 0.16\% |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | (\$265,060) | (2.10\%) | (\$644,691) | (5.55\%) | (\$203,316) | (1.81\%) | ( $\$ 1,051,337)$ | (9.75\%) |

## RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

## FOR THE PERIOD ENDED:

## October 31, 2017

Line \#
1 Sources of Cash \& Investments:
2 . Net Income
3 Depreciation \& Amortization
4 Debt Proceeds
5 Other
6
Total Sources
8
9 Uses
10 Property, Plant, and Equipment - Gross
11 Debt Payments/Re-funding
12 Working Capital Changes \& Other - Net
13
14 Total Uses
15
16 Increase / (Decrease) Cash \& Investments
17
18 Beginning of Period (January 1)
19
20 End of Period

| Current YTD | Prior <br> YTD |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 1,747,304 | \$ | 4,689,340 |
| 6,137,557 | \$ | 7,007,599 |
| 2,151,774 |  | 188,017 |
| 10,036,635 |  | 11,884,956 |
| 5,328,559 |  | 9,526,301 |
| 3,309,822 |  | 2,254,053 |
| $(2,857,421)$ |  | $(2,732,297)$ |
| 5,780,960 |  | 9,048,057 |
| 4,255,675 |  | 2,836,899 |
| 30,234,861 |  | 27,588,692 |
| \$34,490,536 | \$ | 30,425,591 |

RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
STATISTICAL AND VOLUME SUMMARY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED:
October 31, 2017

|  |  | CURRENT MONTH |  |  | Var.\% | Act/2016 |  |  | Act/Avg <br> Var. \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Actual | Forecast | Var. |  | 2016 | Var. \% | Avg-3 mth |  |
| Line \# Patient Days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Adult Health Care | 518 | 543 | (25) | -4.5\% | 520 | -0.4\% | 539 | -3.9\% |
| 2 | Women and Children's Care | 170 | 171 | (1) | -0.4\% | 162 | 4.9\% | 160 | 6.3\% |
| 3 | ICCU | 27 | 38 | (11) | -28.3\% | 28 | -3.6\% | 37 | -27.0\% |
| 4 | Mental Health | 232 | 252 | (20) | -7.9\% | 313 | -25.9\% | 217 | 6.9\% |
| 5 | Total Adult \& Peds | 947 | 1,003 | (56) | -5.6\% | 1,023 | -7.4\% | 953 | -0.6\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Average Daily Census | 30.5 | 32.4 | (1.8) | -5.6\% | 33.0 | -7.4\% | 31.1 | -1.7\% |
| 8 ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Average Length of Stay | 3.5 | 3.6 | (0.1) | -4.0\% | 3.6 | -5.1\% | 3.4 | 3.2\% |
| 10 | Average Length of Stay-CMI | 2.7 | 3.4 | (0.6) | -18.7\% | 3.5 | -21.4\% | 2.8 | -2.2\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Admissions-Inpatient | 297 | 279 | 18 | 6.5\% | 268 | 10.8\% | 279 | 6.5\% |
| 13 | Observation patients | 117 | 131 | (14) | -10.5\% | 108 | 8.5\% | 98 | 19.9\% |
| 14 (14) 10.5\% 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Medicare Case Mix Index | 1.375 | 1.291 | 0.084 | 6.5\% | 1.233 | 11.5\% | 1.414 | -2.8\% |
| 16 | Case Mix Index-Total | 1.258 | 1.064 | 0.194 | 18.2\% | 1.042 | 20.8\% | 1.196 | 5.2\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Adjusted Admissions | 1,018 | 809 | 209 | 25.8\% | 909 | 11.9\% | 957 | 6.4\% |
| 19 | Adjusted Patient Days | 3,245 | 2,909 | 337 | 11.6\% | 3,472 | -6.5\% | 3,264 | -0.6\% |
| 20 , 2,000 , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Births | 65 | 62 | 3 | 4.8\% | 66 | -1.5\% | 59 | 10.2\% |
| 22 ( 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Rice Care Center-Days | 2,241 | 2,232 | 9 | 0.4\% | 2,230 | 0.5\% | 2,212 | 1.3\% |
| 24 | Rice Care Center-Average Daily Census | 72.3 | 72.0 | 0.3 | 0.4\% | 71.9 | 0.5\% | 72.1 | 0.2\% |
| 25 | Rice Care Center Case Mix Index | 1.079 | 1.055 | 0.024 | 2.3\% | 1.014 | 6.4\% | 1.077 | 0.1\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  | YEAR-TO-DATE |  |  | Var.\% | Act/2016 |  |  | Act/2015 |
| 28 |  | Actual | Forecast | Var. |  | 2016 | Var. \% | 2015 | Var. \% |
| 29 Patient Days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | Adult Health Care | 5,410 | 5,346 | 64 | 1.2\% | 5,089 | 6.3\% | 5,167 | 4.7\% |
| 31 | Women and Children's Care | 1,731 | 1,767 | (36) | -2.0\% | 1,788 | -3.2\% | 1,975 | -12.4\% |
| 32 | ICCU | 361 | 420 | (59) | -14.0\% | 394 | -8.4\% | 511 | -29.4\% |
| 33 | Mental Health | 2,444 | 2,821 | (377) | -13.4\% | 3,042 | -19.7\% | 2,293 | 6.6\% |
| 34 | Total Adult \& Peds | 9,946 | 10,353 | (407) | -3.9\% | 10,313 | -3.6\% | 9,946 | 0.0\% |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Average Daily Census | 32.7 | 34.1 | (1.3) | -3.9\% | 33.8 | -3.2\% | 32.7 | 0.0\% |
| 37 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Average Length of Stay | 3.3 | 3.6 | (0.27) | -7.6\% | 3.6 | -7.6\% | 3.6 | -8.3\% |
| 39 | Average Length of Stay-CMI | 2.9 | 3.4 | (0.46) | -13.6\% | 3.4 | -14.4\% | 3.7 | -20.5\% |
| 40 ( 40.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 | Admissions-Inpatient | 3,004 | 2,877 | 127 | 4.4\% | 2,858 | 5.1\% | 2,732 | 10.0\% |
| 42 | Observation patients | 1,240 | 1,129 | 111 | 9.8\% | 1,106 | 12.1\% | 1,659 | -25.2\% |
| 43 , 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Medicare Case Mix Index | 1.355 | 1.291 | 0.064 | 4.9\% | 1.278 | 6.0\% | 1.253 | 8.1\% |
| 45 | Case Mix Index-Total | 1.137 | 1.064 | 0.073 | 6.9\% | 1.054 | 7.9\% | 0.986 | 15.4\% |
| 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | Adjusted Admissions | 9,841 | 8,343 | 1,498 | 17.9\% | 9,350 | 5.2\% | 8,760 | 12.3\% |
| 48 | Adjusted Patient Days | 32,582 | 30,024 | 2,559 | 8.5\% | 33,763 | -3.5\% | 31,780 | 2.5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | Biths | 633 | 620 | 13 | 2.1\% | 632 | 0.2\% | 674 | -6.1\% |
| 51. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Rice Care Center-Days | 22,118 | 21,888 | 230 | 1.1\% | 21,917 | 0.9\% | 22,033 | 0.4\% |
| 53 | Rice Care Center-Average Daily Census | 72.8 | 72.0 | 0.8 | 1.1\% | 71.9 | 1.2\% | 72.5 | 0.4\% |
| 54 | Rice Care Center Case Mix Index | 1.070 | 1.055 | 0.015 | 1.4\% | 1.055 | 1.4\% | 1.067 | 0.2\% |

## RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

## STATISTICAL AND VOLUME SUMMARY

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED:
October 31, 2017
Ancillary Services
1 IP Surgeries
2 OP Surgeries
3 Total Surgeries
4
5 ER Visits-Inpatient
6 ER Visits-Outpatient
7 ER Visits-Total
8
9 Lab Tests
10 Medical Imaging Procedures
11 Radiation Oncology Treatments
2 Medical Oncology Visits
13
14 Dialysis Treatments
5 Rehab Visits
16 Hospice Visits
7 Ambulance Runs
8
9.

| CURRENT MONTH |  |  |  | Act/2016 |  | Act/Avg |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actual | Forecast | Var. | Var. $\%$ | 2016 | Var. $\%$ | Avg-3 mth | Var. $\%$ |


| Actual | NT MO |  |  | Act/ 2016 |  |  | Var. \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Forecast | Var. | Var.\% | 2016 | Var. \% | Avg-3 mth |  |
| 81 | 79 | 2 | 2.5\% | 74 | 9.5\% | 78 | 3.8\% |
| 222 | 215 | 7 | 3.4\% | 257 | -13.6\% | 210 | 5.7\% |
| 303 | 294 | 9 | 3.2\% | 331 | -8.5\% | 288 | 5.2\% |
| 168 | 175 | (7) | -3.8\% | 161 | 4.3\% | 170 | -1.2\% |
| 985 | 961 | 25 | 2.6\% | 983 | 0.3\% | 987 | -0.1\% |
| 1,154 | 1,136 | 18 | 1.6\% | 1,144 | 0.9\% | 1,157 | -0.3\% |
| 25,735 | 23,609 | 2,126 | 9.0\% | 25,165 | 2.3\% | 22,867 | 12.5\% |
| 1,687 | 1,562 | 125 | 8.0\% | 1,410 | 19.6\% | 1,588 | 6.2\% |
| 386 | 518 | (132) | -25.5\% | 377 | 2.4\% | 535 | -27.9\% |
| 892 | 789 | 103 | 13.0\% | 739 | 20.7\% | 823 | 8.4\% |
| 929 | 874 | 55 | 6.3\% | 975 | -4.7\% | 882 | 5.3\% |
| 5,128 | 4,911 | 217 | 4.4\% | 4,445 | 15.4\% | 4,997 | 2.6\% |
| 2,020 | 1,712 | 308 | 18.0\% | 1,624 | 24.4\% | 1.765 | 14.4\% |
| 264 | 236 | 28 | 11.9\% | 243 | 8.6\% | 229 | 15.3\% |
| 631 | 616 | 16 | 2.5\% | 631 | 0.1\% | 635 | -0.6\% |
| 92 | 82 | 9 | 11.5\% | 89 | 3.2\% | 91 | 0.6\% |
| 60 | 61 | (1) | -1.2\% | 68 | -11.7\% | 60 | 0.7\% |
| 783 | 759 | 24 | 3.2\% | 788 | -0.6\% | 786 | -0.3\% |


| Actual | For Mos |  |  | Act 2016 |  |  | Var. \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Forecast | Var. | Var.\% | 2016 | Var. \% | Avg-3 mth |  |
| 81 | 79 | 2 | 2.5\% | 74 | 9.5\% | 78 | 3.8\% |
| 222 | 215 | 7 | 3.4\% | 257 | -13.6\% | 210 | 5.7\% |
| 303 | 294 | 9 | 3.2\% | 331 | -8.5\% | 288 | 5.2\% |
| 168 | 175 | (7) | -3.8\% | 161 | 4.3\% | 170 | -1.2\% |
| 986 | 981 | 25 | 2.6\% | 983 | 0.3\% | 987 | -0.1\% |
| 1,154 | 1,136 | 18 | 1.6\% | 1,144 | 0.9\% | 1,157 | -0.3\% |
| 25,735 | 23,609 | 2,126 | 9.0\% | 25,165 | 2.3\% | 22,867 | 12.5\% |
| 1,687 | 1,562 | 125 | 8.0\% | 1,410 | 19.6\% | 1,588 | 6.2\% |
| 386 | 518 | (132) | -25.5\% | 377 | 2.4\% | 535 | -27.9\% |
| 892 | 789 | 103 | 13.0\% | 739 | 20.7\% | 823 | 8.4\% |
| 929 | 874 | 55 | 6.3\% | 975 | -4.7\% | 882 | 5.3\% |
| 5,128 | 4,911 | 217 | 4.4\% | 4,445 | 15.4\% | 4,997 | 2.6\% |
| 2,020 | 1,712 | 308 | 18.0\% | 1,624 | 24.4\% | 1,765 | 14.4\% |
| 264 | 236 | 28 | 11.9\% | 243 | 8.6\% | 229 | 15.3\% |
| 631 | 616 | 16 | 2.5\% | 631 | 0.1\% | 635 | -0.6\% |
| 92 | 82 | 9 | 11.5\% | 89 | 3,2\% | 91 | 0.6\% |
| 60 | 61 | (1) | -1.2\% | 68 | -11.7\% | 60 | 0.7\% |
| 783 | 759 | 24 | 3.2\% | 788 | -0.6\% | 786 | -0.3\% |

29 Ancillary Services
30 IP Surgeries
31 OP Surgeries
32 Total Surgeries
33
34 ER Visits-Inpatient 5 ER Visits-Outpatient ER Visits-Total
37
38 Lab Tests
39 Medical Imaging Procedures
40 Radiation Oncology Treatments
41 Medical Oncology Visits
42
43 Dialysis Treatments
44 Rehab Visits
45 Hospice Visits
46 Ambulance Runs
47
48
49 Full Time Equivalents (FTE's)
50 FTE's - Hospital
51 FTE's - Care Center
52 FTE's - Home Medical
53 Total FTE's

| YEAR-TO-DATE |  |  | Act/2016 |  |  |  | Act/2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actual | Forecast | Var. | Var. $\%$ | 2016 | Var. $\%$ | 2015 | Var. $\%$ |


| Actual | Forecast | Var. | Var. $\%$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | Var. $\%$ | 2015 | Var. $\%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 770 | 760 | 10 | $1.3 \%$ | 736 | $4.6 \%$ | 772 | $-0.3 \%$ |
| 2,084 | 2,204 | $(120)$ | $-5.4 \%$ | 2,296 | $-9.2 \%$ | 1,948 | $7.0 \%$ |
| 2,854 | 2,964 | $(110)$ | $-3.7 \%$ | 3,032 | $-5.9 \%$ | 2,720 | $4.9 \%$ |
| 1,738 | 1,764 | $(26)$ | $-1.5 \%$ | 1,709 | $1.7 \%$ | 1,831 | $-5.1 \%$ |
| 9,674 | 9,542 | 132 | $1.4 \%$ | 9,677 | $0.0 \%$ | 9,793 | $-1.2 \%$ |
| 11,412 | 11,306 | 106 | $0.9 \%$ | 11,386 | $0.2 \%$ | 11,624 | $-1.8 \%$ |
| 237,683 | 231,586 | 6,097 | $2.6 \%$ | 224,937 | $5.7 \%$ | 222,043 | $7.0 \%$ |
| 16,141 | 14,745 | 1,396 | $9.5 \%$ | 14,371 | $12.3 \%$ | 14,800 | $9.1 \%$ |
| 5,166 | 5,169 | $(3)$ | $-0.1 \%$ | 5,156 | $0.2 \%$ | 5,690 | $-9.2 \%$ |
| 8,086 | 7,452 | 634 | $8.5 \%$ | 7,217 | $12.0 \%$ | 6,280 | $28.8 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,588 | 9,013 | $(425)$ | $-4.7 \%$ | 9,170 | $-6.3 \%$ | 10,305 | $-16.7 \%$ |
| 49,374 | 44,474 | 4,900 | $11.0 \%$ | 40,410 | $22.2 \%$ | 38,574 | $28.0 \%$ |
| 11,529 | 17,065 | 464 | $2.7 \%$ | 17,819 | $-1.6 \%$ | 18,234 | $-3.9 \%$ |
| 2,380 | 2,368 | 12 | $0.5 \%$ | 2,313 | $2.9 \%$ | 2,303 | $3.3 \%$ |


| 634 | 633 | 1 | $0.1 \%$ | 626 | $1.3 \%$ | 612 | $3.7 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 91 | 82 | 8 | $10.3 \%$ | 92 | $-1.2 \%$ | 93 | $-2.4 \%$ |
| 64 | 61 | 2 | $3.4 \%$ | 69 | $-7.3 \%$ | 71 | $-10.9 \%$ |
| 788 | 777 | 11 | $1.5 \%$ | 786 | $0.3 \%$ | 776 | $1.6 \%$ |


| RICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED： |  |  | 2017 <br> Forecast | 2016 <br> Actual | 2015 <br> Actual | 2014 <br> Actual | 2013 <br> Actual | 2012 <br> Actual |  | Industry Benchmarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line\＃ | 产 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 U－6 | 析 | 虂 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}{ }^{2}$ Rice Hosperatal | －3．5\％${ }^{\text {菞 }}$ | 1．1\％ | 3．8\％ | 5．0\％ | 2．4\％ | －3．6\％ | －1．5\％ | 1．3\％ | 5．0\％告 |  |
| 4 Rice Care Center | 13．0\％ | 15．7\％\％ | 3．9\％ | 1．9\％ | 7．2\％ | 6．5\％ | 1．0\％ | 8．7\％ | －0．7\％ |  |
| 5 Rice Home Medical | －7．8\％ | －3．6\％ | －3．7\％ | －7．6\％ | －1．5\％ | －9．0\％ | －22．5\％ | －3．0\％ | 1．4\％ |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 Consolidated Operating Margin | －2．3\％ | 2．0\％\％ | 3．2\％ | 3．6\％ | 2．4\％ | －3．3\％ | －3．2\％ | 1．4\％ | 4．4\％ | 2．8\％ |
| 8 \％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 Consolidated Excess Margin | －2．1\％\％ | 2．0\％䈅 | 3．6\％ | 0．7\％ | 3．3\％ | －1．8\％ | －3．6\％ | 2．4\％ | 5．8\％筫 | 5．4\％ |
| 10 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 EBIDA Operating Margln | 6．5\％\％ | 10．5\％\％ | 12．2\％ | 13．0\％ | 12．9\％ | 7．1\％ | 7．0\％ | 11．6\％ | 14．6\％ | 11．1\％ |
| 12 ， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 DebtlCapitallzation Ratio |  | $38.5 \%$ | 37．0\％ | 40．1\％ | 43．5\％ | 45．8\％ | 46．3\％ | 43，3\％ | 46．3\％ | 35．5\％ |
| 15 Debt Service Coverage |  | 2.6 䉙 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| 16 Net Days in Accounts Recelvable－Consolldated |  | 49 䨗 | 51 | 52 | 63 | 53 | 52 | 64 | 55 翏 | 47 |
| 17 Days of Cash |  |  | 137 | 116 | 116 | 116 | 128 | 114 | 116 鳘 | 161 |
| 18 Unrestricted Cash／Debt |  | 80\％娱 | 85\％ | 68\％ | 59\％ | 57\％ | 64\％ | 63\％ | 59\％票 | 101\％ |
| 19 Cushion Ratio | ， | 8.2 等 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 6.3 叕 | 11.0 |
| 20 Average Age of Plant | ， | 13.5 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.2 \％ | 9.8 |
| 21 Financial Strength Index |  | $0.89$ | 1.34 | 0.32 | 0,94 | （0．33） | （0．52） | 0.75 | 1.65 喿 | 0.30 |
|  | \％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 Rice Hospital | 寺 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 Controllable Expense／Adj．Admit | \＄7，975 \＄ | \＄8，237 |  | \＄8，243 | \＄8，008 | \＄8，197 | \＄8，255 | \＄8，287 | \＄7，610 等 |  |
| 26 | \％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 Total Operating Expense \％of NPR＋OOR 28 | 91．5\％桨 | 89．1\％${ }^{\text {离 }}$ | 87．9\％ | 87．6\％ | 89．9\％ | 93．5\％ | 90．0\％ | 89．1\％ | 85．0\％ |  |
| 29 Compensation Ratio | 53\％ | 52\％\％ | 51．9\％ | 51．4\％ | 52．3\％ | 55，5\％ | 52．6\％ | 50．5\％ | 48．1\％亚 | 57\％ |
| 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 FTE per Adjusted Admit | 12．2\％ | 12.7 \％ | 12.7 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 14.6 | 13.4 | 14.9 |
| 32 FTE per Adjusted Pattent Day | 3.8 年 | 3.8 等 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.8 筀 | 4.4 |
| 33 <br> 34 Supply Expense per CMI Adjusted Discharge | \＄ 687 \％ | \＄ $694{ }^{\text {澵 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | \＄ 739 珤 |  |
| 34 Supply Expenise per CMI Adjusted Discharge | \＄$\quad 687 \%$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\$ & 694 \\ \$ 827\end{array}$ |  | $\$ \quad 756$ $\$ \quad 712$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\$ & 748 \\ \text { \＄} \\ 713\end{array}$ | $\$ \quad 771$ $\$ \quad 584$ | $\$ \quad 770$ $\$ \quad 684$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\$ & 755 \\ \$ 862\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\$ & 739 \\ \$ & 614\end{array}$ |  |
| 36 Total Supply \＆Drug Expense per CMI Adj．Disch | \＄1，407 | \＄1，521 |  | ＋ 712 | \＄1，461 | \＄1，355 | \＄1，454 | \＄1，517 | 1，353 |  |
| 37 （ 37 | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 Bad Debt as \％of Net Patlent Revenue | $\because$ | 1．1\％\％ | 0．8\％ | 0．9\％ | 1．4\％ | 2．6\％ | 2．0\％ | 2．2\％ | 2．1\％${ }^{\text {䂞 }}$ | 7．4\％ |
| 39 （1nterest＋Daprestion） | \％ | \％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 Capital Expense（Interest＋Depreciation） | \％ | 6．7\％ | 8．0\％ | 7．9\％ | 8．6\％ | 9．3\％ | 9．1\％ | 9．0\％ | 9．6\％㯡 | 6．9\％ |
| 42 Rice Care Center |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 Hours per Resident Day | 6.7 | 6.6 \％ | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.5 等 | 5.8 |
| 44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 Total Operating Expense \％ | 87．0\％\％ | 84．3\％\％ | 99．9\％ | 98．1\％ | 82．8\％ | 93．5\％ | 99．0\％ | 91．3\％ | 100．1\％萼 |  |
| 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 Rice Home Medical |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 Sales per FTE | \＄ 260,600 \＄ | \＄238，000 \＄ | \＄196，500 | \＄210，900 | \＄194，900 | \＄171，700 | \＄161，600 | \＄144，500 | \＄158，000 \％ |  |
| 49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 Total Operating Expense \％ 51 | 115．3\％ | 106．5\％ | 109．4\％ | 113．5\％ | 102．6\％ | 115．5\％ | 142．0\％ | 104．9\％ |  |  |
| 52 Inventory Turns | － | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 6.0 \％ |  |
| 53 Inventory Days on Hand | ， | 74 ¢ | 84 | 74 | 80 | 74 | 78 | 63 | 61 唯 |  |
| 54 | \％ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ， |  |


[^0]:    Source: Freddie Mac, Federal Reserve Board and Wells Fargo Securities

[^1]:    ${ }_{\text {CLIOBAL }}$
    Britain's divorce from the European Union is growing increasingly messy. Complicating matters: Diverging economic outlooks for the U.K. and the EU. Strong manufacturing and healthy consumer spending are powering up Germany, Spain and other EU nations, which are sure to see more investment in coming months. Meanwhile, Britain's inflation is rising while investment and job growth are waning. Chances of an orderly Brexit are now all but dead, and the British economy will continue to decline next year as businesses there keep pulling in their horns. Britain's troubles are also putting political pressure on Prime Minister Theresa May.

[^2]:    FINANCE
    Leveraged lending is on track to surpass 2007's prerecession level this year. That has financial regulators' attention. Leveraged loans pay high interest rates that make them attractive to lenders facing a world of low yields. However, the loans are increasingly going to very indebted companies. Private equity firms often use them to fund company takeovers, relying on outside investors to supply most of the capital. Issuance of leveraged loans so far this year is up by almost $50 \%$ over 2016's pace.

    Investors often overlook the weak lender protections in new leveraged loans, which give lenders limited ability to prevent the borrower from taking excessive risks. In case of a default, investors also have less power to recoup the money they're owed.

[^3]:    banking New rules could sharply curtail short-term, high-interest payday lending. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau regs aim to curb predatory lending by making nonbank lenders specializing in such loans verify borrowers can repay them. The CFPB move is the feds' first to regulate the short-term lending industry. It also covers auto title loans, deposit advances and large, one-time loan payments. Banks and credit unions will gain. The rule doesn't apply to most of them, affecting only lenders that derive at least $10 \%$ of their revenues from such loans. But the industry has champions who could try using the Congressional Review Act, which allows Congress under certain conditions to ax new agency rules, to roll it back.

[^4]:    **4M, Flex Gold, General Ckg

